

VOCABULARY

LANGUAGE

1 A Read the information about Shin. Rearrange the letters in italics to complete the sentences.

- 1 My family is British Chinese so I grew up *uginblial*, speaking Chinese and English. bilingual
- 2 Actually, I have a high level of *yucenfl* in Spanish, too. _____
- 3 Of course, many of my friends are British so their *rethom goetun* is English. _____
- 4 However London is very cosmopolitan – it is easy to meet *ginerof* people here. _____
- 5 My best friend Sylvie is from Poland but she sounds like a *vetina preeska*. _____
- 6 Sometimes I teach her *glans* as she didn't learn informal words in school. _____
- 7 And she teaches me computer *gronja* – I find it difficult but she works in IT! _____
- 8 In some ways Sylvie has better *gleranin stetsgerai* than me. _____
- 9 I think her strongest *kills* is writing – she is amazing. _____
- 10 I am quite careless in comparison and my *cccaury* can be weak. _____

B Use the words from Exercise 1A to complete the sentences. You may need to change the form of the word.

- 1 *Bilingualism* is an advantage in today's world.
- 2 My mother is _____ in several languages – she's really clever.
- 3 I wish I could use language more _____. I make a lot of mistakes.
- 4 What is your _____? You sound German.
- 5 He always feels like a _____ in his own country because he hasn't lived there for years.
- 6 I don't like _____; I prefer it when people use standard English.
- 7 Do you have good listening _____?
- 8 Dan is a _____ so he checks all the English in the business documents.

Good morning!

Buenos dias!



GRAMMAR

QUESTION FORMS

2 A Circle the question with the correct form.

- 1 a) What kind of activity you helps learn new vocabulary?
b) What kind of activity helps you learn new vocabulary?
- 2 a) Which language you wanted to learn when you were younger?
b) Which language did you want to learn when you were younger?
- 3 a) You ever wish you had a different mother tongue?
b) Do you ever wish you had a different mother tongue?
- 4 a) What type of thing you do read in English?
b) What type of thing do you read in English?
- 5 a) As a child, did you like finding out about different countries?
b) As a child, did you to like finding out about different countries?
- 6 a) When did you first speak to a foreign person?
b) When you first speak to a foreign person?
- 7 a) If you have to speak in English, what do you always worry?
b) If you have to speak in English, what do you always worry about?

B Match questions 1–7 in Exercise 2A with answers a)–g).

- a) Oh, English of course because it is international. 2
- b) Yes. I was always interested in different cultures.
- c) Mostly my pronunciation – I don't feel confident about it.
- d) I review a few words every day and write example sentences.
- e) A few years ago on my first trip abroad.
- f) Not really. But I wish I had learnt English earlier.
- g) Websites mostly, for online news. And sometimes magazines about films.

3 A 1.1 Listen and write the questions you hear.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____

B Listen again and repeat, paying attention to the intonation.

LISTENING

4 A **1.2** Listen to three people answering the questions below. Write their answers.

Which language did you learn?
How did you learn it?

	Which?	How?
Maria	_____	_____
Ahmed	_____	_____
Jessie	_____	_____

B Listen again and answer the questions.

- Which country outside Europe did Maria visit?

- What is her job now?

- Where did Ahmed move to?

- How did he communicate to start with?

- Why does Jessie think British people don't learn other languages?

- Which country did she live in for a while?

C Read the extracts from the recording. What do you think the words and phrases in bold mean? Match them with meanings a)–f).

- ... they were really **keen** for me to learn English ...
 - It was a **culture shock** ...
 - ... living in Beirut always felt very **cosmopolitan**.
 - But I did some **part-time** Dutch lessons ...
 - ... we aren't **brilliant** at learning new languages.
 - I **picked it up** in my day-to-day life.
- a) a feeling of confusion when in a new and different country
b) extremely intelligent or skilled
c) for only part of a day or a week
d) very interested, wanting to do something very much
e) to learn informally without lessons by exposure
f) having people from different parts of the world

WRITING

EMAILS OF INTRODUCTION; LEARN TO WRITE FORMAL AND INFORMAL EMAILS

5 A Read the purposes of two emails. Which email needs to be formal?

- Introduce myself to a member of my host family in Spain before I visit.
- Introduce myself as the new chairperson of the Teachers' Association.

B Read the emails and underline the correct alternatives.

To: psanchez@yoohoo.es
Subject: hi!
From: danielagjones@hitmail.com
¹Hi Pilar/Dear Madam Pilar,
²I am writing to greet you./How are you? As you know, I'm going to stay with you this summer. I ³have decided to/thought I'd send an email to introduce myself. My name's Daniela, but my friends call me Danny, and I hope you will, too.
I'm eighteen years old and at university here in Manchester, studying Business and Economics. I've got lots of hobbies. I love horse-riding, swimming, listening to music, and I also play the flute. My favourite hobby, though, is dancing. I ⁴am particularly keen on/really like samba and salsa.
I ⁵can't wait to stay/look forward to staying with you in Spain, though my Spanish isn't very good!
⁶Hope/I do hope to hear from you soon.
Danny

To: membership@taas.com
Subject: Introductions
From: hatquistj@tsu.edu
⁷Dear members/Hello everybody,
⁸I'm writing to say hi/I am writing to introduce myself. As many of you know, I will begin in the role of chairperson of the Teachers' Association of Amlen State at the end of this month. ⁹I would like to take this opportunity/I really want to outline my major plans for the Association over the coming year.
I am a maths and physics teacher. I have been in the profession for over forty years in a variety of roles: teacher, administrative assistant, head teacher and school inspector.
My first priority is to increase membership. In the last six years we have seen a decrease of almost 30% in our numbers. I have various proposals for achieving this, which ¹⁰I'll tell you about/I will explain during our first meeting next month.
¹¹I look forward to working with you all/See you all soon.
¹²All the best/Yours sincerely,
Jacqueline Hatquist

C Read the instructions and write an email (120–150 words).

You are going on an adventure trip for students of English. You will join ten other students from all over the world on a one-month tour of India. The tour will include cultural visits and two hours of English lessons every day. Write an email of introduction to the other students.

VOCABULARY

RELATIONSHIPS

1 A Put the words in the box into categories 1–4.

employee fiancée fiancé classmate pupil boss
team-mate godfather godmother member

- 1 Person you work with:

- 2 Person who studies with you:

- 3 Person you are close to (almost family):

- 4 Person you do a hobby with:

B Complete the sentences with the words in Exercise 1A.

- 1 This is Marianna, my _____. We're getting married next year.
- 2 Dave is my _____. We're both in Year 12 at Cokethorpe High School.
- 3 She asked her _____ for some time off work, but he said no.
- 4 I'm a _____ of a swimming club. We meet twice a week at the sports centre.
- 5 Luisa got 100% in her exam. She's the best _____ in my class.
- 6 He's an _____ of GEO Foods. He's been there for six years.
- 7 When I was born, my father asked John, his best friend, to be my _____.
- 8 Leticia is my _____. We play in the same basketball team.

2 A Underline the stressed syllable in the words in italics.

- 1 He was an *employee* here.
- 2 I had a wonderful *mentor*.
- 3 All *pupils* wear a uniform.
- 4 We were *team-mates* for years.
- 5 Have you met my *fiancée*?
- 6 Talk to your *partner*.
- 7 She's my *godmother*.
- 8 That club is for *members* only.

B 1.3 Listen and check. Then listen and shadow the sentences (say them at the same time).

GRAMMAR

REVIEW OF VERB TENSES

3 Complete the conversations with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 A: I need a holiday, but flights _____ (be) always expensive at this time of year.
B: That's true, but I _____ (find) a cheap flight to Mexico on the net yesterday.
- 2 A: Grace _____ (win) the lottery last week!
B: That's right. She _____ (sleep) when her brother called to tell her.
- 3 A: I _____ (not like) football.
B: Why _____ you _____ (not tell) me earlier? The tickets cost £70 each!
- 4 A: _____ you _____ (hear) about the accident last week?
B: Yes, the boys _____ (drive) along Court Street when a motorbike hit the car.
- 5 A: _____ you _____ (need) somewhere to stay? I have a spare room.
B: No, it's OK. I _____ (stay) with my sister.
- 6 A: I _____ (read) a novel called *The Luminaries* at the moment.
B: Oh yes. I found it so boring that I _____ (not finish) it.
- 7 A: I like an early start, so I _____ (get up) at six every morning.
B: Me too. I always _____ (leave) the house by seven.
- 8 A: John! Are you ready? We _____ (wait) for you!
B: OK, here I am! Sorry about that. I _____ (look) for my hat! I couldn't find it anywhere.

4 Match beginnings a) and b) with endings i) and ii).

- 1 a) Do you use the computer? *ii*
b) Are you using the computer? *i*
i) I need it for a few minutes.
ii) Or is everything done by phone?
- 2 a) She tries to work
b) She's trying to work
i) , so please be quiet.
ii) on her book for two hours every day.
- 3 a) It doesn't snow
b) It isn't snowing,
i) much in New Mexico.
ii) so we can go out now.
- 4 a) What are you doing
b) What do you do
i) for a living?
ii) now? Do you want to go for a coffee?
- 5 a) He was playing squash
b) He played squash
i) for the team last year.
ii) when he broke his ankle.

READING

5 A Do you think statements 1–4 are about men or women? Who said them: men or women?

- 1 They do things first, and think about the risks later.
- 2 They remember useless information.
- 3 They notice when something is dirty or needs replacing.
- 4 They always remember birthdays and anniversaries.

B Read the text below and check.

C Write the name of the person who makes similar statements to the ones below.

- 1 Men hate to say, 'I don't know'. Aisha
- 2 Men cannot 'multitask'; they can only concentrate on one thing at a time. _____
- 3 Men are very direct when they need something. _____
- 4 Women are more fluent than men when they speak. _____
- 5 Women are more maternal; they understand what is good for young children. _____
- 6 Women have better memories for dates than men. _____

D Find words in the text to match definitions 1–5.

- 1 the ability to see the position, size or shape of things (paragraph 2) _____
- 2 give you the tools or abilities that you need (paragraph 2) _____
- 3 more or to a greater degree (paragraph 3) _____
- 4 not closely (paragraph 5) _____
- 5 natural abilities or feelings that make people and animals know something (paragraph 7) _____

VOCABULARY PLUS

COLLOCATIONS

6 Complete the phrases with *go*, *take*, *get* or *do*. Use each verb three times.

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 <u>get</u> a job | 7 _____ grey |
| 2 _____ off coffee | 8 _____ her a favour |
| 3 _____ part in a quiz | 9 _____ responsibility |
| 4 _____ some research | 10 _____ angry |
| 5 _____ my homework | 11 _____ up the guitar |
| 6 _____ on with people | 12 _____ for a walk |

chatzone 1

Men and Women – What They Say About Each Other

- 1 The battle of the sexes has probably been going on since the first caveman left his dirty dishes on the floor of the cave. A subject of endless discussion, it has inspired a million jokes and articles and almost as many books.
- 2 However, a recent study tells us that men and women really do think differently. Our brains are built in a different way. The results of the study suggest that men have better spatial perception (driving, ball sports), while women's brains equip them better for remembering words and speaking fluently.
- 3 The scientists examined only a small part of the brain, and they say that further research needs to be done. Here at *chatzone1* we have done some less scientific research. We asked people, 'What are the differences between the sexes?' Here are their answers.

What women say about men

- 4 Men remember useless information, like how fast an aeroplane can go, even if they'll never fly one. (Heather)
If you ask a man a question, he'll always have an answer, even if it's the wrong one. (Aisha)
Men do things first, and think about the risks later. (Candy)
Men cannot watch sport on TV and talk to women at the same time. (Mai)

What men say about men

- 5 Men know that common house spiders aren't as dangerous as rattlesnakes. (Daniel)
Men can drive without looking at themselves in the mirror every ten seconds. (Ron)
Men can watch a whole film without interrupting to ask, 'Who is he?' 'What's her job?' 'Does he like her?' (Alfred)
When men want something, they ask for it instead of making a comment distantly related to the subject and hoping their partner will guess what the real subject is. (Guy)

What men say about women

- 6 Women couldn't invent weapons that kill, only weapons that make you feel really guilty until you say sorry. (Kent)
While men speak in sentences, women speak in paragraphs. (Sergio)
Women are happy to own twenty CDs, while men need 200. (Steve)
Women order salad, then eat the man's chips. (Kazeem)

What women say about women

- 7 Women have natural instincts about what is dangerous for babies. (Linda)
Women notice when something is dirty or needs replacing. (Carol)
Only women can understand other women. (Xun)
Women have a calendar in their brains: we remember birthdays and anniversaries easily. (Avril)



VOCABULARY

INTERVIEW ADVICE

1 Match 1–8 with a)–h) to make advice.

- 1 Don't avoid eye
 - 2 The most important thing is to be
 - 3 Make sure you show
 - 4 You must arrive on
 - 5 Shake hands
 - 6 Make sure you dress
 - 7 Don't always answer
 - 8 Before the interview, do
- a) some research about the company.
 - b) briefly. Try to give a full response.
 - c) smartly. Maybe wear a suit.
 - d) contact. Look at them during the interview.
 - e) enthusiasm. Smile and ask questions.
 - f) firmly with your interviewers.
 - g) prepared. Think about what they will ask you.
 - h) time. Don't be late!

FUNCTION

TALKING ABOUT YOURSELF

2 A Add the vowels to complete the conversations.

Conversation 1

A: C _ _ ld I _ sk a q _ _ st _ _ n?

B: Sure. Go ahead.

A: Will this type of project become common?

B: In my _ p _ n _ _ n, architecture will become more environmentally friendly.

Conversation 2

A: Th _ r _ _ r _ a c _ _ pl _ _ f th_ngs I'd l _ k _ t _ _ sk _ b _ _ t.

B: OK.

A: How do you see your future in our company?

B: F _ r m _ , th _ m _ st _ mp _ rt _ nt th _ ng is to keep developing and learning the job.

Conversation 3

A: I h _ v _ a q _ _ ry.

B: Yes? Go ahead.

A: A lot of people criticised you because of the cuts in funding for education. Did you ever think about resigning from the government?

B: One th _ ng I'd l _ k _ t _ s _ y _ s th _ t compared to other governments, we invested a lot of money in education.

Conversation 4

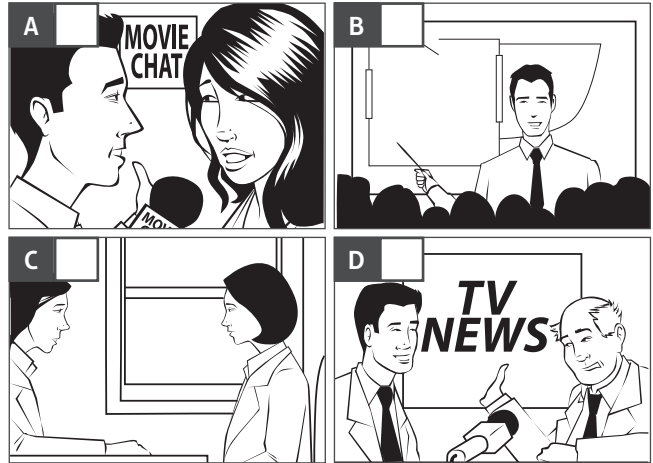
A: Earlier, you mentioned your latest film. C _ n I _ sk you _ b _ _ t th _ t?

B: Yes, of course.

A: Was it difficult not being the star?

B: I'd h _ v _ t _ s _ y 'yes'. In my last four films I always had the biggest part.

B Match pictures A–D with conversations 1–4 in Exercise 2A.



LEARN TO

USE TWO-WORD RESPONSES

3 Circle the correct option to complete the conversations.

1 A: Is it OK if I check my emails?

B: _____. That's fine.

- a) Go ahead b) That's right c) I understand

2 A: Are you interested in free medical insurance?

B: _____. How do I sign up?

- a) You're correct b) Yes, definitely c) No problem

3 A: My dog is ill, so I can't come to work today.

B: _____. Will you be in tomorrow?

- a) You're correct b) Please continue c) I see

4 A: Hi, Nazir. I'm going to be about fifteen minutes late.

B: _____. There's no hurry.

- a) Yes, definitely b) That's right c) No problem

5 A: I can't travel in June – my wife's expecting a baby.

B: _____. We'll make sure there's no travel until at least August.

- a) I understand b) Go ahead c) You're welcome

6 A: Do you live at 106 West Smith Road?

B: Yes. _____.

- a) That's right b) No problem c) You're welcome

7 A: Thank you so much for letting me use your motorbike.

B: _____. Did you have fun?

- a) Yes, definitely b) I see c) You're welcome

8 A: Excuse the interruption. I'm just showing Mr Liu the classrooms. _____.

B: Oh, OK. So, students, turn to page 33.

- a) I see b) You're welcome c) Please continue

9 A: Are you able to work next weekend?

B: _____. We need to finish the project, don't we?

- a) Go ahead b) Of course c) I understand