

# GRAMMAR FOCUS

## 1 Complete the text with prepositions.

My bedroom is very small. There aren't many things <sup>1</sup>           it. There's a window <sup>2</sup>           the door. My desk is <sup>3</sup>           the window. My bed is <sup>4</sup>           to the desk. My favourite posters are <sup>5</sup>           the bed <sup>6</sup>           the wall. <sup>7</sup>**B**            my bed and the opposite wall there's a green carpet.

## 2 Choose the correct options.

- There is / are a flower on my desk.
- Is there / There is any milk in the fridge?
- There isn't / aren't any chairs in the room.
- There is / are two dogs outside.
- There's / There isn't any water in this bottle. It's empty.
- How many girls there is / are there in your class?

## 0.7 have got

We use *have got* to show possession:

*I've got a smartphone, but I haven't got a watch.*

*Has James got a skateboard?*

Affirmative		Negative	
I/You/ We/They	've got (have got)	I/You/ We/ They	haven't got (have not got)
	a camera.		a camera.
He/She/It	's got (has got)	He/ She/It	hasn't got (has not got)

Yes/No questions		Short answers	
Have	I/you/we/ they  got a camera?	Yes, I/you/we/they <b>have</b> .	No, I/you/we/they <b>haven't</b> .
Has	he/she/it	Yes, he/she/it <b>has</b> .	No, he/she/it <b>hasn't</b> .

Wh- questions			
How many cameras	<b>have</b>	I/you/we/they	<b>got?</b>
	<b>has</b>	he/she/it	

## 1 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

[ got has hasn't have haven't 've ]

- I've \_\_\_\_\_ a laptop, but I haven't got a tablet.
- A:** Have you got a digital camera?  
**B:** Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ !
- A:** She \_\_\_\_\_ got a mobile phone.  
**B:** Really? Why not?
- I've got a DVD player, but I \_\_\_\_\_ got an MP3 player.
- A:** \_\_\_\_\_ Phil got a hobby?  
**B:** Yes, skateboarding!
- I \_\_\_\_\_ got a piano, but I can't play it!

## 1.2 Present Simple: affirmatives and negatives

We use the Present Simple to talk about:

- regular activities:  
*In the afternoon I **watch** TV or **listen** to music.*
- states and permanent situations:  
*My grandparents **don't live** in Warsaw. They **live** in Sydney.*
- preferences, with verbs like *love, like, hate, prefer*:  
*My friends **hate** dancing, but I **love** it.*

Affirmative		Negative	
I/You/We/ They	<b>play.</b>	I/You/We/ They	<b>don't (do not)</b>  <b>play.</b>
He/She/It	<b>plays.</b>	He/She/It	<b>doesn't (does not)</b>

## SPELLING RULES – 3RD PERSON SINGULAR:

- general rule: infinitive + -s, e.g. *read – reads*
- verbs ending in a consonant and -y: -y + -ies, e.g. *carry – carries*
- verbs ending in -o, -ss, -x, -ch, -sh: + -es, e.g. *do – does, go – goes, relax – relaxes, watch – watches*
- have: has*

In the Present Simple, we often use adverbs of frequency, such as *always, usually, often, sometimes* and *never*. These adverbs go:

- after the verb *to be*: *Walt **is usually** at home at the weekend.*
- before main verbs: *Walt **usually spends** his weekends at home.*

We also use other time phrases with the Present Simple, e.g. *every day, every Sunday, every weekend*. We usually put them at the end of the sentence.

*I visit my grandparents **every week**.*

## 1 Complete the sentences with the Present Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) late for school every day.
- My sister usually \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) films in the evenings.
- My mum \_\_\_\_\_ (not read) the newspaper every day.
- My parents \_\_\_\_\_ (not work) in the same office.
- My brother often \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the cinema.

## 2 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- sometimes / the piano / my sister / plays
- don't / every day / I / sports / watch
- studies / my brother / at the weekend / never
- on weekdays / I / go out / sometimes
- every day / Sam / play / computer games / doesn't
- on Saturday nights / always / fun / he / has

## 1.5 Present Simple: yes/no and wh- questions

Yes/No questions		Short answers
Do	I/you/we/they play?	Yes, I/you/we/they <b>do</b> . No, I/you/we/they <b>don't</b> .
Does	he/she/it	Yes, he/she/it <b>does</b> . No, he/she/it <b>doesn't</b> .
Wh- questions		
What	<b>do</b> I/you/we/they	<b>play?</b>
What	<b>does</b> he/she/it	<b>play?</b>

In *wh-* questions, we use question words:

- **What** do your friends usually post on Facebook?
- **What kind** of music does your father listen to?
- **What time** does your mother come back from work?
- **Where** do you live?
- **When** do you do your homework?
- **Which** musical instrument do you play?
- **Who** do you play chess with?
- **Whose** coat is this?
- **How** do you usually get to school?
- **How often** do you visit your cousin?
- **How many** eggs do we need?

### 1 Complete the conversations with *do*, *don't*, *does* or *doesn't*.

1 A: \_\_\_\_\_ you live with your parents?

B: Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.

2 A: \_\_\_\_\_ he like parties?

B: Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.

3 A: \_\_\_\_\_ your mother speak English?

B: No, she \_\_\_\_\_.

4 A: \_\_\_\_\_ they go to school with you?

B: No, they \_\_\_\_\_.

### 2 Complete the questions with the question words in the box. Then match the questions (1–6) with the answers (a–f).

how many	what kind	what time
when	where	which

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ is your birthday?
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ do you usually go on holiday?
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ website is your favourite?
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ of films do you usually watch?
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ hours do you sleep every day?
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ do you usually wake up?

- a To the seaside.      d At 7.30.  
b I like Twitter.      e It's in March.  
c Seven or eight.      f Comedies.

## 2.2 Countable and uncountable nouns

Nouns can be countable or uncountable.

	Singular	Plural
<b>Countable</b>	banana	bananas
	egg	eggs
	bottle	bottles
<b>Uncountable</b>	bread	–
	cheese	–
	ham	–

### Countable nouns

- name things we can count:  
*There is an **orange** in the fridge.*
- have singular and plural forms:  
*This **hamburger** is delicious.*  
*These **hamburgers** are delicious.*

### Uncountable nouns:

- name things we cannot count:  
*My little brother hates **milk**.*
- do not have a plural form:  
*Vegetarians don't eat **meat**.*

We can use these words and phrases to refer to an amount or a number:

Plural countable nouns	Uncountable nouns
We've got <b>some</b> apples.	We've got <b>some</b> bread.
We haven't got <b>any</b> apples.	We haven't got <b>any</b> bread.
Have we got <b>any</b> apples?	Have we got <b>any</b> bread?
<b>How many</b> apples have we got?	<b>How much</b> bread have we got?
<i>Not <b>many</b>.</i> We haven't got <b>many</b> apples.	<i>Not <b>much</b>.</i> We haven't got <b>much</b> bread.
We've got <b>a lot of</b> apples.	We've got <b>a lot of</b> bread.

### 1 Match the sentence halves.

- |                                         |                          |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 There isn't <input type="checkbox"/>  | a any eggs.              |
| 2 Is there <input type="checkbox"/>     | b some onions.           |
| 3 There is <input type="checkbox"/>     | c any ham in the fridge. |
| 4 There aren't <input type="checkbox"/> | d any mushrooms?         |
| 5 Are there <input type="checkbox"/>    | e any bread?             |
| 6 There are <input type="checkbox"/>    | f some cheese.           |

### 2 Choose the correct options.

- 1 There is *much* / *a lot of* mozzarella cheese on this pizza.  
2 There isn't *any* / *some* tomato sauce on this pizza.  
3 There is *an* / *some* onion in the fridge.  
4 *How much* / *How many* bread have we got?  
5 There isn't *some* / *much* milk in the fridge.  
6 Don't worry, we've got *a lot of* / *much* eggs.  
7 '*How much* / *How many* tomatoes do you eat a day?'  
*'A lot.* / *Not much.'*