Italian Glossary

Unit 1 Contacts

business card *n* [C] a small card with your name, job title, company, address, phone, email, etc. on it: [biglietto da visita] *My business card has my email address on it.*

contact n [C] a person that you meet because of your work: [contatto] I make a lot of contacts at conferences.
– contact v

greet *v* to welcome someone by saying, for example, *Hello* or *Good morning*: [accogliere] *My job is to greet people when they arrive at my company's offices.* – **greeting** *n* [C] [saluti]

introduce *v* to tell people each other's names: [presentare] Let me introduce Karl, from Germany. Karl, this is Fran. – introduction n [C] [presentazione]

job title *n* [C] the name of a job: [posizione] Her job title is 'sales manager'.

legal adj [C] connected to the law: [legale] I see my lawyer for legal advice. – law n the system of rules for a country [legge]

name n [C] what people call you: [nome] My first name is John and my family name, or surname, is Smith.

nationality n [C] the right to belong to a country: [nazionalità] I have Australian nationality.

qualification *n* [C] something to show you passed an examination at school, university or work, for which you often receive a certificate or diploma: [qualifica] *He has a good qualification in engineering.* – qualify *v* [qualificare]

software *n* [U] a program that a computer uses to do different jobs: [software] I have some new accounting software on my computer.





Unit 2

Teams

colleague *n* [C] a person that you work with: [collega] This is my colleague, Juan.

communication *n* [U] when people give information to each other: [comunicazione] *Good communication is important in business.* – communicate *v* [comunicare]

consultant *n* [C] a person who gives a company advice about something: [consulente] We employ a consultant to organise our computer system.

degree *n* [C] a qualification, usually a BA (Bachelor of Arts) or BSc (Bachelor of Science), from a university: [grado] *I have a degree from Cambridge University*.

group n [C] a number of people or things that belong together: [gruppo] I work in a group of four scientists.

opinion *n* [C] what someone thinks about a subject: [opinione] What's your opinion of the new production plan?

PhD n [C] the highest university degree: [PhD] Please call her Doctor Oliveira because she has a PhD.

team *n* [C] a group of people who work or play sports together: [team] It's a great team because everyone wants to help everyone else.

team leader *n* [C] the person in charge of a team: [team leader] The new team leader is popular and a good manager.

team member n [C] a person in a team: [membro del team] All the team members like working together.

teamwork *n* [U] the ability of a group of people to work well together: [lavoro di gruppo] *Teamwork is very important for this project.*

technology *n* [U] the development of techniques, machines and equipment in science and industry: [technologia] We are leaders in computer technology.

traditional *adj* ideas and ways of working that have existed for a long time: [tradizionale] We like our traditional ways of working and we don't want to change. – tradition n [C] [tradizione]





Unit 3 Companies

base v to use somewhere as your main place of business: [base] Our company is based in Switzerland.

company *n* [C] a group who make or sell things: [azienda] I work for a food company.

employee *n* [C] someone who works for a company: [dipendente] *My company has 200 employees.* – employ *v* give someone a job: [impiegare] *My company employs 200 people.* – employer *n* someone who employs workers [datore di lavoro]

factory n [C] a place where workers make things: [azienda] He works in a car factory.

headquarters *n* [plural] the most important place of work of a company: [sedi centrali] *I often have to go to meetings at my company's headquarters.*

manufacture v to make products using machines: [produrre] They manufacture mobile phones in their German factory. — manufacturing n [U] making things in factories [produzione] — manufacturer n [C] a person or company that does manufacturing [produttore]

profit n [U] when you get more money from a product or service than it costs you to make or do it: [profitto] Our profits increase every year. – profitable adj [proficuo]

retail *n* [U] sales to customers in shops: [vendita] We sell our products in retail outlets in most European countries. – retail outlet (= SHOP) *n* [C] [outlet] – retail *v* sell to customers in shops: We retail this product at \$3.50. – retailer *n* [C] [rivenditore]

sector *n* [C] part of an economic system: [settore] We are in the food manufacturing sector.

service industry *n* [C] companies that sell services (= HELP) instead of products: [terziario] *Architects and consultants sell services*.

specialise *v* to do only one activity: [specializzare] They specialise in computer software. – specialist *n* [C] a person who knows a lot about something: [specialista] We have three computer software specialists in our company.





Unit 4

Offices

analysis *n* [C] a careful examination of something: [analisi] We make an analysis of all our products before we sell them.

desk n [C] a table where you work: [tavolo] I spend a lot of time at my desk every day.

equipment *n* [U] things you use to do a job: [attrezzatura] We use special equipment to fight fires.

file n [C] a group of papers with information about something or someone: [file] Do you have Mr Roberts' file?

furniture *n* [U] things in homes and offices such as tables and chairs: [mobilio] How often do you buy new furniture for your office?

office n [C] a room where people work, usually at desks: [ufficio] We have an open-plan office instead of individual offices.

organised *adj* when you have a system for something: [organizzato] *My desk isn't very well organised*. – organisation *n* [C] [organizzazione] – organise *v* to put things in a system [organizzare]

share *v* to use something with other people: [condividere] Everyone has their own computer but we share a printer.

stationery *n* [U] things used for writing such as envelopes, paper and pens: [cancelleria] We keep all our stationery in a large cupboard.

tidy adj when everything is in the correct place: [ordinato] I'm not a very tidy person. - tidy v Tidy your desk.





Unit 5

Events

client *n* [C] a customer, often one that buys a service: [cliente] We need more clients.

corporate event *n* [C] something organised by a company to entertain clients: [evento aziendale] We often have corporate events and take our best clients to international football matches.

entertain *v* to take clients to films, shows, restaurants, etc.: [intrattenere] We often entertain foreign clients in our large company restaurant. – entertainment n [C] [intrattenimento] We spend about \$10,000 a year on entertainment for clients.

event *n* [C] something you organise such as a party or conference: [evento] My job is to organise events for important visitors.

guest n [C] someone you invite to an event or to visit your home: [ospite] We plan to have a big party with more than a hundred guests.

health and safety *n* [U] laws and systems related to stopping accidents and illness at work: [salute e sicurezza] Who is in charge of health and safety in the factory?

order v to ask for something such as food in a restaurant: [ordinare] I'd like to order steak and chips.

presentation *n* [C] when someone explains an idea to a group: [presentazione] He gave a presentation about the new marketing plan. – present v to give a presentation [presente]

reception n [C] a formal party: [ricevimento] We sometimes go to a reception at a top London hotel.

socialise v to go out with people to have fun: [socializzare] I often socialise with my colleagues.

special occasion *n* [C] an important event or ceremony: [occasione speciale] People often have parties for special occasions like birthdays.

waiter n [C] (male), waitress n [C] (female) a person who brings you food and drinks in a restaurant: [cameriere, cameriera] Waiter – can I have the bill, please?





Unit 6 Money

account n [C] if you have an account with a bank, you can leave money there: [conto] He pays £500 into his bank account every month.

cost of living *n* the amount of money people need in order to buy the things they need: [costo della vita] *The* cost of living is increasing all the time.

currency *n* [C] the money that a country uses: [valuta] The currency in France is the euro.

discount n [C] a lower price than usual: [sconto] There is a 10% discount on all our products this week.

exchange rate *n* [C] the value of the money of one country when you change it for the money of another country: [tasso di cambio] *The exchange rate today is two dollars to the pound.*

goods n [plural] things that are made for people to buy: [merci] Our company produces electrical goods.

invoice *n* [C] a document that a supplier gives to a customer, with information about what the customer is buying and how much it costs: [fattura] Can you pay last month's invoices, please?

money n [U] coins and notes that you use to buy things: [denaro] I never have enough money at the end of the month.

pay v to give money for something that you buy: [pagare] Can I pay in euros? – pay n [U] the money you get for working: I get my pay at the end of the month.

price *n* [C] how much money something costs: [prezzo] What's the price of this laptop?

supplier *n* [C] a company that sells goods to shops and businesses: [fornitore] They work for an office equipment supplier. – supply *v* to sell to a company: [fornitura] They supply our paper and pens.





Unit 7 Projects

aim *n* [C] something that you want to do or get: [objectif] My aim is to work for a big company. – aim v to want to do something: We aim to increase sales.

budget *n* [C] an amount of money that is available: [budget] *My team has a budget of one million dollars.* – budget *v* to organise how to spend money: We budget about €50,000 for advertising every year.

deadline *n* [C] a date or time when you must finish something: [scadenza] The deadline for completing the project is 1 May.

labour *n* [U] the total number of workers: [lavoro] The cost of labour is not high at the moment.

materials n [U] the things you use in order to make something: [materiali] Chairs are made of materials like plastic or wood.

project n [C] planned work that is done over a period of time: [progetto] The new project starts in June and finishes in September.

project manager *n* [C] someone who is in charge of a project: [project manager] Rafael is the project manager.

research n [U] the activity of finding information about a subject: [ricerca] Steve did a lot of research into the new car design.

schedule *n* [C] a list of things to do and when to do them: [programma] The project is behind schedule so we need to work faster. – **schedule** *v* to plan when you do things

stage n [C] part of a process: [fase] We started stage four of the project last week.





Unit 8 Solutions

agriculture *n* [U] growing plants for food and keeping animals to produce food: [agricoltura] There is a lot of agriculture in my country, mainly fruit and sheep.

complain *v* to say you are not happy with goods or services: [lamentarsi] *I* complained to the waiter about my food. – complaint *n* [C] [reclamo]

create *v* to make something new: [creare] We need to create more jobs in this industry. – creative adj good at thinking of new ideas: [creativo] Most designers are creative.

electricity n [U] the power that we use for lights and computers: [elettricità] Many machines that use electricity need a battery. – electric, electrical adj [elettrico, elettrico]

emergency n [C] a dangerous situation that happens suddenly: [emergenza] Telephone 911 if there is an emergency.

energy n [U] power from oil, coal, etc. that makes machines work: [energia] Solar energy can heat homes.

fix v to repair something: [riparare] A mechanic fixed my car.

invent *v* to think of or make something completely new: [inventare] Leonardo da Vinci invented the helicopter. – invention *n* [C] [invenzione]

power n [U] energy used to make a machine work: [energia] Wind power is cheap and it's good for the environment.

solution *n* [C] the answer to a problem: [soluzione] We found a solution to our financial problems. – solve *v* [risolvere]

work v to not be broken: [lavoro] Is your computer working now?





Unit 9 Products

describe *n* [C] to say or write what something is like: [descrivere] Can you describe the mobile phone that you lost? – description *n* [C] [descrizione]

feature *n* [C] something that is different about a product: [caratteristica] This mobile phone has many special features, like a camera and an MP3 player.

packaging n [U] the box or bag that you sell a product in: [imballaggio] We need to reduce plastic packaging.
 package n [C] [pacchetto] We sent three packages to you in the post.

product *n* something that is made or sold by a company: [prodotto] We sell about 200 different food products.
– product description *n* [C] information about the size, shape and material of a product: [descrizione del prodotto] The product description says that it's made of wood and is one metre long. – production *n* [U] the process of making things: [produzione] Production costs were high and we didn't make a profit. – produce *v* [produrre]

shape *n* [C] the shape of something is whether it is a circle or a square, etc.: [forma] What shape is the table?

size *n* [C] how big or small something is: [dimensione] His garden is the size of a football field.

useful adj helping you do or get what you want: [utile] My car is very useful for getting to work.

weight n [C] how heavy something is: [peso] The weight of this product is 1kg. – weigh v [pesare] This product weighs 1kg.





Unit 10 Competitors

architect n [C] a person who design buildings: [architetto] A famous German architect designed our new factory.

competitor *n* [C] a company that sells products or services in the same market as your company: [concorrente] There are too many competitors in this market. – compete *v* to try to be more successful than another company: [competere] We compete in many different markets. – competition *n* [U] a situation where businesses try to be more successful than other companies: [competizione] We have a lot of competition in the African market. – competitive adj [competitivo]

marketing n [U] finding the best way to make customers buy products: [marketing] We need to spend more on marketing so people know about our products. – market v to make customers interested in what your company sells: [commercializzare] We use TV and radio advertisements to market our products.

opportunity *n* [C] the chance to do something: [opportunità] *I had the opportunity to work in New York, but I couldn't go.*

range n [C] all the products a company sells: [gamma] We have nearly 1,000 products in our range.

strength *n* [C] what you are good at doing: [forza] My strength is in sales. – strong adj [forte]

threat n [C] something that can have a bad effect: [pericolo] The new product is a threat to us in the Asian market.

weakness *n* [C] what you are not good at doing: [debolezza] *Their big weakness is their marketing.* – weak *adj* [debole]





Unit 11 Location

abroad adv in a foreign country: [estero] He often travels abroad.

average adj usual: [media] My average lunch break is 45 minutes.

climate *n* [C] the typical weather conditions in an area: [clima] The climate in Egypt is hot and sunny.

culture *n* [U] what people believe, do and how people think, in a particular country: [cultura] I learned about Spanish culture before I went to live in Spain.

emigrate *v* to go to another country to live and work: [emigrare] *Many people emigrated to America in the* 1900s. – emigration *n* [U] [emigrazione]

healthcare *n* [U] using doctors, nurses, hospitals and medicine: [cura della salute] Some healthcare is free in the UK.

location *n* [C] the place where something is: [luogo] What's the location of your factory? – locate v to put something somewhere: [localizzare] They located their new factory in South America.

quality of life n [U] how well people live: [qualità della vita] We moved out of the city to get a better quality of life.

temperature *n* [U] how hot something is: [temperatura] The temperature is 12°C today.





Unit 12 Careers

apply *v* to ask for something in writing: [applicare] You can apply for this job online. – application form *n* a printed piece of paper on which you write answers to questions: [modulo di domanda] You have to complete an application form to get a visa.

career *n* [C] a job or profession that you do for a long time: [carriera] You have to study for a long time if you want a good career in law.

conditions *n* [plural] the situation in which you work: [condizioni] The pay is low but the working conditions are very good.

curriculum vitae (CV) *n* [C] a document that gives information about a person's education and previous jobs: [curriculum vitae] *To apply for this job, please send a letter and your CV.*

employment agency *n* [C] an organisation that helps people find a job: [agenzia di collocamento] *I found my new job by using an employment agency.*

MBA (Masters in Business Administration) *n* [C] a postgraduate degree in business for people who have work experience: [MBA] *Jean has an MBA from a French business school.*

pa (per annum) adv every year: [pa] She earns \$50,000 pa.

pension *n* [C] money a company or government pays to people after they stop working because they are too old or ill: [pensione] *Most people get a pension when they retire*.

promotion *n* [C] a better job in the same company: [promozione] *He really deserves promotion.* – promote *v* [promuovere]

retired adj stop working because of your age, usually after many years: [pensionato] He was an accountant, but he's retired now. – retire v [pensionamento] Most people retire at 65 in my country.

salary n [C] money that you get for working: [salario] I want a job with a higher salary.





Unit 13 Ideas

advice n [U] when you say what you think someone should do: [suggerimento] Can I give you some advice?

brainstorm v to think of ideas in a creative way: [brainstorm] Let's brainstorm some ideas for a new design.

creative thinking *n* [U] a way to use your imagination to find ideas: [pensiero creativo] We need some creative thinking to find a solution.

discuss *v* to talk to someone about something: [discutere] We had a long meeting to discuss the project. – discussion *n* [C] [discussione]

exchange v to give something for another thing: [scambio] Let's exchange business cards.

idea n [C] a plan, thought or suggestion: [idea] He never has good ideas.

imagination *n* [C] the ability to think of new ideas: [immaginazione] You should use your imagination when you brainstorm. – imagine *v* to think what something would be like: [immaginare] Can you imagine being rich?

logo n [C] a design that is the official sign of a company, used on products or in advertising: [logo] It's a very successful company and everyone knows its logo.

suggestion *n* [C] an idea to help someone: [suggerimento] Does anyone have any suggestions for increasing profits? – suggest v [suggerire]





Unit 14 Travel

arrangement *n* [C] something you have agreed or organised: [disposizione] Have you made your travel arrangements yet? – arrange v [disporre]

arrival *n* [C] when you arrive at a place: [arrivo] My arrival time is 10 o'clock. – arrive v [arrivare]

book v to arrange something: [prenotare] Can I book a table for tonight, please? – booking n [C] [prenotazione] The travel agent can make the booking for you.

business trip *n* [C] travelling because of your work: [viaggio d'affari] I'm going on a business trip to South Africa next month.

career break *n* [C] when you stop your job for a period to do something different: [interruzione di carriera] *I* took a career break to travel around the USA.

departure *n* [C] when you leave a place: [partenza] *I* was sad about his departure from the company. – depart *v* [partire]

destination *n* [C] the place you are going to: [destinazione] What's the destination of this train?

itinerary n [C] a list of places to visit: [itinerario] The next place on the itinerary is the factory.

pleasure *n* [C] **1** something nice: [piacere] It's a pleasure to meet you. **2** something you do because you want to: I write reports for work but I write stories for pleasure.

reservation *n* [C] an arrangement to have a seat on a plane or train or in a hotel or restaurant: [prenotazione] *I'd like to make a reservation for eight o'clock tonight, please.* – **reserve** *v* [prenotare]

sightseeing n [U] seeing the most famous places during a visit: [giro turistico] We saw Big Ben when we went sightseeing in London.

travel v to go somewhere, usually a long distance: [viaggio] I often travel to Japan on business. – travel n [U] Travel helps us to learn about other people.

travel agent *n* [C] a person whose job is to make travel arrangements: [agente di viaggio] *I booked my plane tickets with an internet travel agent.*





Unit 15 Trends

bar chart *n* [C] a diagram using rectangles of different sizes to show information: [diagramma a barre] The bar chart showed that more people drink coffee in the morning than tea or fruit juice.

bionic adj part human and part machine: [bionico] In the film I saw last night the police were bionic!

decrease v to become less: [diminuire] I think mobile phone sales in Europe will decrease next year.
– decrease n

full-surround adj from every direction: [circondato] I like to listen to music in full-surround sound.

graph *n* [C] a diagram using lines to show increases and decreases during a period of time: [grafico] You can see on this graph that profits increased between May and September.

increase v to become more: [aumentare] I'm happy that our sales in China are increasing. – increase n [C]

nuclear adj using energy from atoms: [nucleare] What do you think of nuclear power?

pie chart *n* [C] a diagram using sections of a circle to show information: [diagramma a torta] *This pie chart* shows we have 72% market share.

prediction *n* [C] something you think will happen in the future: [previsione] My prediction is that the price of oil will increase next year. – predict v [prevedere] Do you predict that profits will remain steady?

trend *n* [C] changes and developments in a situation during a period of time: [tendenza] The trend is for mobile phones to become smaller and to have more features.



