- Get reacquainted with someone.
- 2 Greet a visitor to your country.
- 3 Discuss gestures and customs.
- 4 Describe an interesting experience.

Getting Acquainted

PREVIEW

CUSTOMS AROUND THE WORLD

Greetings People greet each other differently around the world.



6 m people bow.



Some people kis once. Some kis twice.



Some shake hands



And so me hug.

Exchanging Business Cards

People have different customs for exchanging business cards around the world.



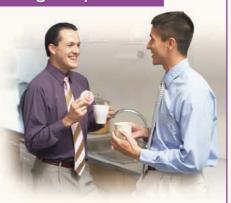
6 en a s oms are very formal. People always tw o a d s and b ok at b a rd carefuly.



Oh r cut oms are informal. People accept a card wib one hand and quickly put it in a pocket

Getting Acquainted

What about small talk—the topics people talk about when they don't know each other well?



In some places it's not polite to alk people about how much money they make or how old h ey are. B t in oh er places people think those topics are appropriate.

- A PAIR WORK In your opinion, is there a right way and a wrong way to greet people? Explain.
- **DISCUSSION** In your country, are there any topics people should avoid during small talk? Wh at about the topics below?
 - · the weather
 - someone's job
 - someone's religion
- · someone's family
- someone's home
- (other) ____

ENGLISH FOR TODAY'S WORLD

Understand English speakers from different language backgrounds.

Leon = Spanish speaker Taka = Japanese speaker

C ▶1:02 PHOTO STORY Read and listen to two people meeting in a hotel lobby.



Leon You look familiar. Haven't we met somewhere before?

The a I don't think so. I'm not from around here.

Leon I know! Aren't you from Japan? I'm sure we met at the IT conference last week.

The a Of course! You're from Mexico, right?

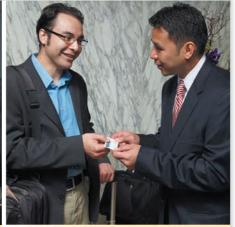


Leon That's right. I'm sorry. I've forgotten your name.

Taka: Kamura Takashi. But you can call me Taka.

Leon H, Taka. Leon Prieto. Please call me Leon. So, what have you been up to since the conference?

Taka: Not much. Actually, I'm on my way to the airport now. I'm flying back home.



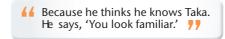
Leon Hey, we should keep in touch. He re's my card. The conference is in Acapulco next year and I could show you around.

Taka: That would be great. I hear Acapulco's beautiful.

Leon It was nice to see you again, Taka.

Taka: You, too.

- **D** FOCUS ON LANGUAGE Find the underlined expression in the Photo Story that matches each explanation.
 - 1 You say this when you want to offer to introduce someone to a new place.
 - 2 You say this to suggest that someone call or e-mail you in the future.
 - 3 You say this when you're not sure if you know someone, but you think you might.
 - 4 You say this when you want to ask about someone's recent activities.
- E THINK AND EXPLAIN Answer the questions, according to the Photo Story. Explain your answers.
 - 1 Why does Leon begin speaking with Taka?
 - **2** Has Taka been busy since the conference?
 - 3 Why does Leon give Taka his business card?
 - 4 What does I eon offer to do at the next conference?



SPEAKING

PAIR WORK With a partner, discuss and write advice for visitors about how to behave in your country. Then share your advice with the class.

44 Questions like How old are you? and How much money do you make? aren't polite. You shouldn't ask them. 77

Your advice
1
2
3

Don't exchange business cards with one hand! Always use two hands.

GRAMMAR The present perfect

Use the present perfect to talk about an indefinite time in the past. Form the present perfect with <u>have</u> or <u>has</u> and a past participle.

Affirmative and negative statements

We	've haven't	met them.	She	's hasn't	called him.
----	----------------	-----------	-----	--------------	-------------

Yes / no questions

- A: Has she called him? A: Have you met them?
- B: Yes, we have. / No, we haven't. B: Yes, she has. / No, she hasn't.

Remember: Use the simple past tense to talk about a definite or specific time.

present perfect: indefinite time simple past tense: definite time

I've met Bill twice. We met in 1999 and again in 2004.

Contractions

've met = have met 's met = has met

haven't met = have not met hasn't met = has not met

For regular verbs, the past participle form is the same as the simple past form.

open → opened

study → studied

Irregular verbs base form simple past past participle he was / were been come came come do did done eaten eat ate fall fell fallen go went gone have had had make made made meet met met see saw seen speak spoke spoken take took taken written write wrote

For more irregular verb forms, see page 123.

GR22 2 2 R BOOSTER p. 126 • The present perfect: information

questions

- A Choose the correct form to complete each sentence.
 - 1 We've the 2:00 express train many times.
 - **a** take
- **b** took
- c taken
- 2 I had breakfast at 9:00, but I haven't lunch.
- **a** have
- **b** had
- **c** having
- 3 Alison has to the mall.
- - a went
- **b** gone c go
- 4 My younger brother has home from work.
 - **b** came **c** comes
- 5 They posted some messages yesterday, but they haven't anything about their trip.
 - **b** write **c** wrote a written
- **PAIR WORK** Complete the conversations with the present perfect or the simple past tense. Then practice the conversations with a partner.
 - 1 A: our new teacher? Jake / meet
 - B: Yes, her in the office this morning.

- **2** A: to this class before?
 - B: No, They're new at this school.
- **3** A: in the new school restaurant?
 - B: No, Is it good?
- 4 A: with the school director? your classmates / speak
 - B: Yes, with her yesterday.
- **5** A: the new language lab? Beth / see
 - B: No, the library.

GRAMMAR PRACTICE Complete the message with the present perfect or the simple past tense.



FXFRCIS

CONVERSATION MODEL

- A P1:03 Read and listen to people getting reacquainted.
 - A Audrey, have you met Hanah?
 - B No, I haven't.
 - A Hanah, I'd like you to meet Audrey.
 - C: Hi, Audrey. You look familiar. Have we met before?
 - B I don't think so.
 - C: I know! Last month. You were at my sister Nicole's party.
 - **B** Oh, that's right! How have you been?
- B 1:04 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.



PRONUNCIATION Sound reduction in the present perfect

- ▶ 1:05 Listen to how the sound /t/ of the negative contraction "disappears" n natural speech. Then listen again and repeat.
 - 1 I haven't been to that class. 3 They haven't taken the test.
 - 2 He hasn't met his new teacher. 4 She hasn't heard the news.
- Now practice saying the sentences on your own.

NOW YOU CAN Get reacquainted with so meone

CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With two other students, practice making introductions and getting reacquainted. Use your own names and the present perfect. Then change roles.

- **A** , have you met ?
- B No, I haven't.
- A , I'd like you to meet
- C: You look familiar. Have we met before?
- В

- Say how you have been.
- Say more about the time you met.
- Introduce other classmates.

Ideas

You met ...

- at a party
- at a meeting
- at a friend's house
- in another class
- (your own idea)

CONVERSATION MODEL

- A 1:06 Read and listen to someone greeting a visitor.
 - A Welcome to Beijing. Have you ever been here before?
 - **B** No, it's my first time. But yesterday I went to the Forbidden Palace. It was fantastic!
 - A That's great. Have you tried Beijing duck yet?
 - **B** Beijing duck? No, I haven't. What's that?
 - A It's a famous Chinese dish. I think you'll like it.
- B 1:07 RHYTHM AND INTONATION Listen again and repeat. Then practice the Conversation Model with a partner.



Beijing duck

FLASH CARDS

VOCABULARY Tourist activities around the world

▶1:08 Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.



climb Mt. Fuji



go sightseeing in New York



go to the top of the Eiffel Tower



try Korean food

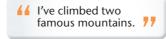


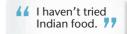
take a tour of the Tower of London



take pictures of the Great Wall

PAIR WORK Use the Vocabulary to say what you have and haven't done.





GRAMMAR The present perfect: already, yet, ever, before, and never

Use ever or before in yes / no questions about life experiences.

Have you ever eaten Indian food?

Has he been to Paris before?

Use yet or already in yes / no questions about recent experiences.

Have you toured Quito yet?

Has she already been to the top of the Eiffel Tower?

In affirmative and negative statements

We've already seen the Great Wall. They have **never** visited Mexico. He's been to New York **before**.

We haven't tried Beijing duck yet. They haven't ever visited Mexico. He hasn't been to Boston before.

GR22 2 2 R BOOSTER p. 126

NOT I haven't never been there.

Be careful!

• Yet and already: expansion, common errors

I have never (OR haven't ever) been there.

• Ever, never, and before: use and placement

Always place before and yet at the end of statements and questions.

		 1 (you / go sightseeing / in London / before) 2 (she / already / try / Guatemalan food) 3 (they / ever / be / to Buenos Aires) 4 (we / not take a tour of / Prague / yet) 				
	В	▶1:09 LISTEN TO ACTIVATE GRAMMAR Listen and complete the questions, using the Vocabulary. Then listen again and complete the short answers.				
		Q et on6 rt w ers1 Has sheof the Taj Mahal yet?, she2 Has hein Kyoto yet?, he3 Has she everceviche?, she4 Ha s he alreadythe Pyramid of the Sun?, he5 Has she everto Rio de Janeiro before?, she6 Has sheof Sugarloaf yet?, she				
	İ	The Taj Mahal • India Ceviche • Peru The Pyramid of the Sun • Mexico City A temple • Kyoto, Japan A temple • Kyoto, Japan				
GITAL MORE CISES	С	Write five questions about tourist activities in your city or country. Use <u>yet</u> , <u>already</u> , <u>ever</u> , and <u>before</u> . 1				
	NO	W YOU CAN Greet a vis tor to your count y				
	Α	NOTEPADDING On the notepad, write at least five activities for a tourist in your city or country. Activity Description try Beijing duck It's a famous Chinese dish.				
GITAL IDEO	В	CONVERSATION ACTIVATOR With a partner, change the Conversation Model to greet a visitor to your country. Use the present perfect. Suggest tourist activities in your city. Use your notepad. Then change roles. Activity Description				
		A Welcome to				
	С	change partners Practice the conversation again, asking				
		about other tourist activities on your notepad.				

A GRAMMAR PRACTICE Use the words to write statements or questions in the present perfect.

BEFORE YOU READ

▶ 1:10 VOCABULARY • The hand Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.

1 thumb **5** pinkie 2 index finger 6 palm 3 middle finger 7 fist

4 ring finger

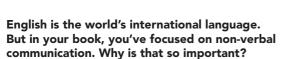






We talked to June Galloway about her book,

Get off on the Right Foot: Don't Let the Wrong Gesture Ruin Your Day.



Well, gestures and other body language can have different meanings in different places. Something that you think is friendly or polite could come across as very rude in another culture. I've described many of these customs and cultural differences so my readers don't get off on the wrong foot when they meet people from places where the culture differs from their own.

Can greeting someone in the wrong way really lead to misunderstanding?

In some cases, yes. The firm handshake a North American expects may seem quite aggressive in other places. And a light handshake—which is normal in some countries—may seem unfriendly to a North American.

In what ways can hand gestures lead to misunderstanding?

Well, as an example, we assume all people indicate the numbers one to ten with their fingers the same way. But in fact, they don't. While North Americans usually use an index finger for

"one," most Europeans use a thumb. North Americans extend all ten fingers for "ten." However, Chinese indicate the numbers one to ten all on one hand. For example, an extended thumb and pinkie means "six," and a fist means "ten." Imagine how confusing this can be when you're trying to communicate quantities and prices with your hands!

What other gestures can cause confusion?

Take the gesture for "come here," for example. In North America, people gesture with the palm up. Well, in southern Europe, that gesture means "good-bye"! And in many Asian countries, the palm-up gesture is considered rude. Instead, people there gesture with the palm down.

I've heard that, in Japan, pointing with the index finger is not polite. Is that right?

Yes. Japanese prefer to point with the palm open and facing up.

Surely there must be some gestures used everywhere, right? What about the thumbs-up sign for "great"?

Sorry. That's extremely rude in Australia and the Middle East. This is why it's so important to be aware of these cultural differences.

What gesture do you use . . .



. . . for the number six?



... for "Come here": palm up or down?



... for pointing? Do you use your index finger or an open palm?

1 In most of Europe, a thumb and an index finger mean "two." 2 In North America, a thumb and a pinkie mean "two." 3 Japanese point at pictures with an open palm facing up. 4 To be friendly, North Americans greet others with a light handshake. 5 Everyone uses the thumbs-up sign for "that's good." 5 Everyone uses the thumbs-up sign for "that's good." 6 ERATE TO PERSONAL EXPERIENCE Discuss the questions. 1 Have you ever been surprised by someone's gestures or body language on TV, in the movies, or in real life? What did you see? What do you think the action meant? Why were you surprised? 1 In the politic life and the person and open it right away. 1 In the person and open it r						
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Are the rules the same for both men and women? How about for • Offering or refusing food • touching or not touching		Are the rules the same for	or both men and women? How ah	out for	Offering or refusing for	od ng

C DISCUSSION Tell your classmates about the customs you described on your notepad. Does everyone agree?

young people or older people? Explain.

(your own topic) ____

Find and underline three words or phrases in the Reading that were new to you. Use them in your Discussion.
For example: "body language."





▶1:12 VOCABULARY • Participial adjectives Read and listen. Then listen again and repeat.









The safari was **fascinating**. (They were **fascinated**.)

The ski trip was **thrilling**. (They were **thrilled**.)

The sky-dve was **frightening**. The food was **disgusting**. (They were **frightened**.)

(They were **disgusted**.)

- Write lists of things you think are fascinating, thrilling, frightening, or disgusting.
- **PAIR WORK** Compare your lists.
 - I've never eaten snails. I think they're disgusting! 77
 - A Really? I've tried them, and I wasn't disgusted at all. They're good! 77



LISTENING COMPREHENSION

- A 1:13 LISTEN TO CLASSIFY Listen to the three interviews. Then listen again and write the number of the speaker described by each statement.

 - b describes differences in body language
 - c was disgusted by something
 - d is fascinated by other cultures
 - e tries to be polite
 - f does things that other people think are frightening



Nancy Sullivan



Andrew Barlow



Mieko Nakamura

}	1 :	LISTEN FOR DETAILS Listen again and answer the questions in complete sentences.
	a	Na cy li va Ho w many countries has she visited?
	c	Andrew Barlow : What did the people in the village do to thank him?
	е	Mieko Nk en ra • What has she done twice?

NOW YOU CAN Describe an interesting experience

A NOTEPADDING Answer the questions. Explain what happened. Write as many details as you can.

Have you ever been someplace that was really fascinating?
Have you ever eaten something that was really strange or disgusting?
Have you ever done something that was really thrilling or frightening?

PAIR WORK Ask your partner about the experiences on his or her notepad.

DONT STOP

- Ask more questions.
- Ask about other experiences: "Have you ever . . ."

RECYCLE THIS LANGUAGE.

climb [a mountain] go sightseeing in [Italy] go to the top of [the Eiffel Tower] try [snails] take a tour of [New York] take pictures of [the Taj Mahal]

C GROUP WORK Choose one of the experiences your partner told you about. Tell your classmates about your partner's experience.



My partner went hang gliding last year. She was frightened, but it was really thrilling.



REVIEW

A Listen to the conversation with a tourist in Vancouver and check <u>Yes</u> or <u>No</u>. Then listen again and write the answers to the questions, using <u>yet</u> or <u>already</u>.

	Ha ь	Yes	No	
1	been to the Vancouver Aquarium?	V		Yes. She's already been to the aquarium.
2	visited Gastown?			
3	been to the top of Grouse Mountain?			
4	seen the Capilano Suspension Bridge?			
5	tried dim sum?			
6	gone to the top of the Harbour Centre Tower?			

Use the photos to write questions using the present perfect with <u>ever</u> or <u>before</u>. Don't use the same verb more than once.



- C Write sentences about the topics. Use the present perfect.
 - 1 tall buildings you've been to the top of
 - 2 cities or countries you've visited

- 1 I've been to the top of the Taipei 101 Building.
- 3 foods you've tried
- 4 mountains or high places you've climbed

WRITING

Write about one of the interesting experiences you talked about in Lesson 4. Describe what happened, where you were, who you were with, and how you felt.

I've had a few frightening experiences in my life.

Last year, I was on vacation in ...

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- · Avoiding run-on sentences
- · Guidance for this writing exercise



ORAL REVIEW

PAIR WORK

1 Create a conversation for the man and woman in photo 1. Imagine the man is welcoming the woman to his city. Choose one of the cities in the travel brochure.

Welcome to Paris. Have you been here before?

2 Create a conversation for the three people in photo 2. Imagine they get reacquainted during a tour of Europe.

A: Have you met ?

B: Actually, you look familiar. Have we met before?

C: Yes, I think we have. We were at the ...

3 Look at the brochure and imagine that you are on one of these tours. Ask and answer questions, using the present perfect.

Tour **Europe**

Have you tried tapas yet?

The Colosseum





Gelato

- ☐ Discuss gestures and customs.
- ☐ Describe an interesting experience.