Algorithms and computational thinking [U1_L1]

Question	Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Algorithmic thinking is the process of tr a problem and coming up with a step b 	by step solution.		
3	 Computational thinking = Trying to think like a computer scientist Abstraction = Removing any information that is not required Decomposition = Breaking down a problem into smaller parts 			
4	Information	Important	Could be ignored	
	The name of the place you are going	\checkmark		
	What the scenery is like		\checkmark	
	How you will buy your train ticket	\checkmark		
	What time your train leaves the station	\checkmark		
	What the weather will be like on the day		✓	
	How many other passengers there are		✓	
	How you will get to the train station	\checkmark		
5	Include any of the following: Turning on console Inserting disc Using menu Selecting game Playing game 			
6	 Include any of the following: Abstraction: To remove buildings and trees system To remove any other distractio details Decomposition: To create a navigation system To monitor the engine and fuel To drive safely and comfortably 	ns or non-essential		
7	Include any three of the following: Website developer Software engineer Database designer App or video game developer Hardware engineer 	, 	Any other similar career i ok.	S

Question	Answer	Notes
8_Q1	Add	
8_Q2	False	
8_Q3	Algorithm	
8_Q4	called Rover	
8_Q5	True	



Sorting algorithms [U1_L2]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	A sorting algorithm sorts a sequence into a correct or useful order.	
3	Ascending order is from the lowest to highest number. Descending order is from highest to lowest.	
4	Include any three of the following: Digital music streaming services Digital film and television services Online shopping sites Contact or address books in our smart devices Messaging and email applications 	
5	 Correct order: 1. The first two values are compared and swapped if not in order. 2. The next two values are compared and swapped if not in order. 3. This is repeated until the end of the sequence is reached. 4. The first pass ends. 5. The process is then repeated until no more values need to be swapped. 	
6	First pass 1, 6, 3, 4, 7 becomes 1, 6, 3, 4, 7 1, 6, 3, 4, 7 becomes 1, 3, 6, 4, 7 1, 3, 6, 4, 7 becomes 1, 3, 4, 6, 7 1, 3, 4, 6, 7 becomes 1, 3, 4, 6, 7	
7	A second pass is still needed so that the algorithm can confirm that the	ne data is sorted.

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	true	
8_Q2	Train timetable	
8_Q3	Pass	
8_Q4	a fizzy drink	
8_Q5	false	

INSPIRE COMPUTING



Creating a bubble sort program [U1_L3]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	Pseudocode is the creation of program-like code that programmers use to plan programs. It cannot be run by a computer, but a programmer will then use it as a starting point.		
3	WHILE list is unsorted DO		
		For each of the items in the list, carry out the instructions below.	
	IF n > n+1	End the process.	
		Continue until all items have been compared.	
		If the first value in the list is larger than the following item, swap the items.	
		Run until no more values need to be swapped.	
	END WHILE		
4	The number of items in the list		
5	The # symbol is used to add useful notes or comr program.	nents by the programmer to help annotate the	
6	 = equal to > greater than + addition 		
7	Include any three of the following: By artists By song title By year of release By album title By rating 		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	High-level programming languages	
8_Q3	Maybe	
8_Q4	Compares two values	
8_Q5	False	





Creating a merge sort program [U1_L4]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	A merge sort divides a jumbled sequence in half again and again u remain. These values are then compared against each other and n correct order.	
3	IF list length > 1 THEN divide list in half each half = sub-list REPEAT UNTIL sub-list length = 1 MERGE sub-list and SORT REPEAT UNTIL list is sorted END IF	h sub-list into one while e values in order. Intil all items have been d then end the process. The split in half into hly single values remain. In the will not need sorting.
5	 Credit sensible answers, including any of the following: To sort music libraries To sort employee data in a large company To sort information on a museum collection To sort contacts in a smartphone address book 	
6	A subprogram is a block of code that can be reused either within the same program or in several different programs	
Question	the same program or in several different programs. Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	1	
7_Q2	True	
7_Q3	sub-list	
7_Q4	REPEAT UNTIL	
7_Q5	Divide and conquer	



Linear search algorithms [U1_L5]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	A linear search is a sequential search algorithm. This means it searches for a specific value by comparing it to each value in a list one at a time. It will start at the first value, then the next until it either finds a match or reaches the end of the list.		
3	 Include any three of the following: Searching homework research. Searching for gift ideas within an online shop. Looking for a favourite film star within a streaming service. Looking for a photo taken in a particular city on your smartphone. 	Any similar answer is ok.	
4	OUTPUT "Please enter the number of the film you wish to see" <u>INPUT user enters number of film</u> SET INPUT TO filmChoice SET length TO 10 <u>SET counter TO 1</u> WHILE counter <= length IF filmChoice = counter THEN OUTPUT name of film ELSE SET counter TO counter + 1 END IF END WHILE		
5	Variable 1: answer Variable 2: choice		
6	<pre>#Python Linear Search print("I'm going to guess your favourite number.") choice = 0 answer = "n" while answer == "n": choice = choice + 1 answer = input("Is it " + str(choice) + "? (y/n):") print("I knew " + str(choice) + " was your favourite number.")</pre>	See file: WB_Linear Search_L5.py	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	Serial search	
7_Q2	True	
7_Q3	PRINT	
7_Q4	Abstraction	
7_Q5	False	1

Binary search algorithms [U1_L6 & L7]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	 Correct order The specific value to be found is compared to the median (middle) value in the list. If the specific value is lower than the median, the second half of the list is ignored and the process is repeated with the first half. If the specific value is higher than the median, the first half of the list is ignored and the process is repeated with the second half. 	





	4. This process is repeated until the desired value has been found.
3	2 12 22 30 35 41 47
	2 12 22 30 35 41 47
	2 12 22 30 35 41 47
	2 12 22 30 35 41 47
4	3
5	 Block 1: Set the search value to 42 Block 2: If the midpoint of the numbers being searched is equal to the search value, then declare 42 has been found.

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
6_Q1	True	
6_Q2	Middle	
6_Q3	0	
6_Q4	True	
6_Q5	True	

Comparing algorithms [U1_L8 & L9]

Question	Answer		
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	A large number of repetitive calculations are being carried out, using up memory,		
0	and preventing other processes from running.		
3	Statement	Bubble	Merge
	A simple but slow algorithm.		menge
	Ideal for large data sets.	•	\checkmark
	A complex algorithm, requiring more programming skills.		 √
	Not very efficient due to the number of repetitions needed.	\checkmark	•
4			
	Statement	Linear	Binary
	The list must be first sorted into ascending or descending order.		\checkmark
	Can slow a computer down, especially for large data sets.	\checkmark	
	A complex algorithm, requiring more programming skill.		\checkmark
	The list does not need to be sorted before a search can be carried out.	\checkmark	
5			
	Scenario	Bubble	Merge
	A 'number of times watched' sort for a movie streaming app.		\checkmark
	A sort algorithm for the number of times each player has	\checkmark	
	scored during a cricket match.		
6	Scenario	Linear	Binary
			Dillary
	A small café searches through its sales data to find its most popular item.	\checkmark	
	An online dictionary requires a search function for all of the words it includes.		\checkmark
7	Part of any algorithm that repeats over and over until it reaches the re		T

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	1,000	
8_Q3	It is efficient	
8_Q4	False	
8_Q5	False	



Error checking and testing [U1_L10]

Question	Answer			1	lotes	
1	TICK KEYV	VORDS				
2	Errors will s	stop any program v	vorking.			
3	Logic error: a fault program may run b		the program itself. T prrect output.	he		
4		take within a prog	ram that causes the	program		
5	Error				Logic	Syntax
	Using an x instead o	f a * for a multiplicati	on calculation.			\checkmark
	Referring to the wro	ng sub-program.			\checkmark	
	Missing a day of the	week in a calendar p	rogram		\checkmark	
	Changing the senter	ce case of a variable	in the same program.			\checkmark
6	 Include any three of the following (or similar): Check that program specific functions are spelt correctly. Check sentence case, especially in functions and variables, Print instead of print for example. Check characters and symbols, ; instead of : or x instead of *. Check indentation, especially after an IF statement. Proofread a printed copy by hand if possible and ask a peer to read as well. 					
7	Software feature	Test data/text	Expected output/result	Actual output/res	sult	Action required
			·			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	False	
8_Q2	Syntax	
8_Q3	==	
8_Q4	True	
8_Q5	Logic	



End of Unit Typical 4 Mark Questions

Question	Key points to look for in answer	Notes
1	 Binary search: The desired value is compared to the median (middle) value in the list. If the value is lower than the median, the second half of the list is ignored and the process is repeated with the first half. If the value is higher than the median, the first half of the list is ignored and the process is repeated with the second half. This process is repeated until the desired value has been found. Linear search: This searches for a specific value by comparing it to each value in a list one at a time. It starts at the first value, then keeps going until it either finds a match or reaches the end of the list. 	Any variation of this is ok.
2	 A binary search is the most appropriate, since it is efficient for large data sets and can be quickly narrowed down. A merge sort is the most appropriate sorting algorithm, since it is faster than a bubble sort and would require less processing power. 	





Digitising sound [U2_L1]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	 Device: Microphone Media: Vinyl, Cassette tapes, Magnetic tape systems 		
3	To <u>convert</u> an analogue sound to a <u>digital</u> sound, <u>sampling</u> is used. version of the sound at regular <u>time</u> intervals throughout the recordi the more <u>accurate</u> the recording.		
4	 Sample rate: The number times the audio is measured and recorded in one second. More recordings each second creates a more accurate recording. Bit depth: The number of bits used to store each sample. The more bits that are used, the longer the binary sequence, increasing the quality. 		
5	 x axis on a waveform – shows time passing in seconds (or f y axis on a waveform – shows the amplitude or loudness of waveform – the shape of a sound wave, shown as a curve 		
6	A loud sound		
7	 A mono track only has one channel or track A stereo has two channels or tracks. 		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	44,100 Hz	
8_Q2	samples per second	
8_Q3	Audacity	
8_Q4	digital	
8_Q5	true	





Calculating audio file sizes [U2_L2 & 3]

Question	Answer		Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
			·
2	File size = Sample rate x B	it depth x Number of the second se	
3	 Small file size Quick to download Compatible with lots of devices 		
4	 Example 1: Calculation: 44100 × 16 × 2 × 100 File size (Mbit): 21168000 bits (Mbit): 31752000 bits (Mbit): 3175200 bits (Mbit): 3175200 bits (Mbit): 31752000 bits (Mbit): 3175200 bits (Mbit): 31752000 bits (Mbit): 31752000	(21 Mbit) 60	
5	Include any two of each: Advantages of compressed audio • Smaller file sizes • Easier to upload and download form the Internet. • Ideal for portable devices.	restored, losing	emoved, it cannot be
	Include any two of each: Advantages of uncompressed audio • The original audio quality is saved. • It can be compressed at a later date. • Ideal for archiving.	storage.	ompressed audio e sizes, requires more table for streaming

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
6_Q1	1,000,000	
6_Q2	stereo	
6_Q3	WAV	
6_Q4	true	
6_Q5	8	



Storage devices and storage media [U1_L4]

Question	Answer		Notes		
1	TICK KEYWORDS				
2	 Only storage media can store data. A storage de reads and writes data to storage media. 	evice			
3			Also a ok.	ny similar device is	
4	Include any three of the following: • CD/DVD/Blu-ray discs • Magnetic hard discs • Magnetic tapes • Portable flash drives • USB pen/sticks • Memory cards	VD/Blu-ray discs letic hard discs letic tapes ble flash drives pen/sticks		Also any similar device is ok.	
5	 Magnetic – uses spinning magnetic discs that co Optical – uses a laser to read tiny patterns on th Solid-state – stores data on memory chips 				
6	Storage type	Cigobyt		Torobutoo	
	Storage type	Gigabyte	es	Terabytes	
	An internal magnetic hard drive		,	\checkmark	
	A portable hard drive	v √		✓ ✓	
	Magnetic tape A DVD	v √		v i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	A Blu-ray disc	v			
	A USB pen drive	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	An SSD drive	√	/	\checkmark	
7	Include any three of the following: • CD • DVD • Blu-ray • Re-writable DVD				

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	magnetic	
8_Q2	USB stick	
8_Q3	false	
8_Q4	true	
8_Q5	700	

INSPIRE COMPUTING

Storage device and storage media characteristics [U2_L5 & L6]

Question	Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Local storage describes any storage in the same the user. Cloud storage is accessing high-capacity data st the Internet. 			
3	 Include any one of each: Advantages: Access to files from any location Shared and collaborative working Disadvantages: Access is limited to locations with Internet Speed is limited to network speed 	et access.	Any sim	illar answer is ok.
4	It allows different devices and technology to be compare	ed by one fa	ctor.	
5	Statement	Optical s	torage	Magnetic storage
	Capacity is limited to agreed standards	\checkmark		
	It can be used with most desktop computers	\checkmark		\checkmark
	The mechanical parts may fail over time			\checkmark
	The storage media have moving parts	\checkmark		
	Not all storage types are rewritable	\checkmark		
	It has high capacity and a low cost per GB			\checkmark
6	Statement	Solid-state storage		Cloud storage
	It has an unlimited capacity			\checkmark
	It has no moving parts, so it is ideal for portable devices	\checkmark		
	It requires internet access			\checkmark
	The storage media have moving parts	\checkmark		
	It has fast read and write access speeds	\checkmark		
	The access speed is determined by the speed of the network			\checkmark
7	 Include any three of the following: Smart televisions and audio equipment Games consoles and entertainment systems Kitchen appliances with multiple programme opt 	ions	Any sim	nilar answer is ok.

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Magnetic drive	
8_Q2	False	
8_Q3	Solid-state drives	
8_Q4	False	
8_Q5	True	

Portable storage [U2_L7]

Question	Answer			Notes		
1	TICK KEYWORDS					
2	Portable storage describes any device or media transported from one location to another or used		sily			
3	 Include any two of the following: Copying files from one computer to copy onto another. Working remotely, away from a place of work. Working on the move, on a train or bus. 					
4	Include any four of the following: USB pens/sticks. Portable hard drives, both magnetic and solid-state drive. Solid state memory cards. A laptop, containing storage. A smartphone or tablet. A portable gaming device. A GPS device, used for navigation. A digital camera or drone.				ar answer is ok.	
5	• A portable music player. Most likely answer should refer to the chance of the device or memory card while on the move.	f dropping or losing				
6	Include any three of each:					
	Advantages Many are pocket size and easy to carry.		isadvantages ortable devices can be lost, potentially losing nportant information.			
	Ability to transfer documents and files without network or Internet access.	Portable devic	Portable devices often have limited capacity.			
	Compatible with most computer devices.	Some devices do not have sockets for connecting portable devices.				
	Some portable storage devices include security options such as password access or fingerprint access.				ge can be very	
	Available in a wide range of capacity sizes.	Can be used to accidently transfer computer viruses.				
7						
	Scenario	Optical disc		id-state mory card	Portable magnetic hard drive	
	An IT technician backing up all files from a desktop computer				\checkmark	
	A singer handing out free copies of a music album at a live music performance	\checkmark				
	A reporter carrying extra memory for a digital camera			\checkmark		
Question	Answer			Notes / N	larks	
8_Q1	True					
8_Q2	True			1		
8_Q3	True			1		
8_Q4	microSD]		
8_Q5	Solid-state memory card					



User storage requirements [U2_L8]

Question	Answer			
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Include any three of the following: What is the purpose of the system? What data is going to be stored? How much data is going to be stored? How often will it be accessed? How quickly will data need to be accessed What budget does the system have? 	d.		
3	Scenario	Type of storage	• F	Reason
	An engineer is working from home on complex 3D computer models. She needs to be able to easily transport the large files to her office.	magnetic drive		pacity, reliable, portable.
	A photographer is using a digital camera to take high-quality images of an event. He needs to carry extra storage so that he does not run out.	microSD card	durabl	on the move, e, extremely ortable.
4	 Include any of the following: Magnetic tape in cassettes would wear ou much more durable. CDs would jump or skip as people moved 			
5	 A backup is a copy of all important files ar This copy can then be kept safe in case a 	nd documents to a	nother locatio	
6	 Full = a complete copy of all relevant files Differential = a copy of only the changed c Incremental = Regularly timed backups th previous backup 	and documents data following a ful	l backup	ged since the
7	Scenario		peed of ccess	Ability to share and collaborate
	A class is working on a joint project with another class in another country.			\checkmark
	A freelance designer is working with multiple clients, dividing her time between her own office and her clients' offices.	\checkmark		
	A large office needs a daily backup system in place so that any accidentally deleted documents can be recovered.		\checkmark	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Magnetic	
8_Q2	True	
8_Q3	Partial	
8_Q4	User needs	
8_Q5	False	





Storage needs of an organisation [U2_L9 & L10]

Question	Answer				Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS				
2	The below are s	ample answers, a	any reasonable ar	swer may be ar	gued.
	Employee	Main storage	Additional storage	Reason	is for suggestions
	Employees working in the office	Magnetic drives	USB pen drives Optical disc	capacity inPen drives	drives allow for high a desktop computers. s easy to swap sc may be used for quickly es.
	Remote employees	Solid-state drive	Portable solid- state drives		n laptops for faster access, s well if moving to the
	Travelling employee	Solid-state drive	Portable solid- state drives		n laptops for faster access ve and less prone to
3	backup • Home a	etic drive or magr but then stored of	netic tape could be ff-site. 's could backup th		
4	 Shared workers Collabol shared of 	to access same s rative working, wo online. nessaging system	llowing office and	ocuments	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
5_Q1	USB stick	
5_Q2	Operating system	
5_Q3	True	
5_Q4	False	
5_Q5	Solid-state	





End of Unit Typical 4 Mark Questions

Question	Key points to look for in answer	Notes
1	 Choice: uncompressed audio Reasons: No loss in quality, especially with archived material It can be compressed later if required. Once lost, data cannot be restored. Differences: File sizes smaller with compressed audio Smaller file sizes can be emailed or streamed. Uncompressed audio doesn't lose any original data. 	
2	 Optical storage Advantages: Cheap, durable, easily available. Disadvantages: 	

INSPIRE COMPUTING

The computer input and output system [U3_L1]

Question	Answer		Notes	S	
1	TICK KEYWORDS				
2	INPUT PROCESS OU	ΓΡυτ			
3	 Input: Information or data that is fed into the computer Process: Calculations or processing carried out by Output: The resulting data is presented to the user 	the CPU		or audibly	
4	 Keyboards Mouse Touch or track pad Controllers and joysticks Scanners (Text, image, barcodes) Digital cameras and camcorders Webcams Microphones Sensors (Temperature, light, pressure) 			ny other suitable device is	
6	Scenario Viewing a 3D model of a video game character Opening a document on a laptop	Input o output Output Input	?	Choice of device Monitor, projector Mouse, trackpad	
	Submitting a copy of a word-processed report on paper Checking prices of products on a supermarket shelf	Output		Printer Barcode scanner	
7	 Include any two of the following: Touch screen devices Storage devices Virtually reality headsets An interactive white board 		Any c ok.	other suitable device is	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Central Processing Unit	
8_Q2	Trackpad	
8_Q3	Graphical User Interface	
8_Q4	Virtual reality headset	
8_Q5	Game controller	



Computer components [U3_L2]

Question	Answer		Notes		
1	TICK KEYWO	RDS			
2	 Include any of the following: Gaming computers may include more RAM. Gaming computers may have a larger screen and speakers. An office computer may be smaller. A gaming computer will need a larger hard drive for storing games. A gaming computer may include a joypad. A gaming computer will have a more powerful graphics card. 				
3	Component	Description			
	Component CPU	Description The 'brain' of every computer; processes input signals and sends data to output devices			
	Hard drive	Used for long-term storage; holds the operating system, software and user documents			
	Graphics (video) card	Used to connect to a display device, such as a monitor or projector			
	RAM	Random access memory: short-term memory, used to store current data and processes			
	ROM	Read-only memory: used to store essential system information			
	Connectors/ports	Required to connect external peripherals, inc output devices			
	Motherboard	The main circuit board, to which all of the key	y components connect		
4		Converts mains electricity to a suitable leve ents the CPU from overheating.	I for the computer.		
5	ROM chips CPU fan CPU fan C				

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
6_Q1	Motherboard	
6_Q2	False	
6_Q3	Brain	
6_Q4	True	
6_Q5	Graphics card	





Answer					
TICK KEYWORDS					
A high-level computer language is designed to be understood and written by a human using key words that we will understand. High-level computer languages cannot be directly understood by a computer. A translator must be used to convert it to a computer friendly format.					
any two of the following: A low-level language can be u computer. There are multiple high-level la Low-level languages cannot be A translator must convert a hig level language.	anguages, unlike low-level e read by a human.				
vebsite designed to visually sho ter, including the CPU, RAM, in		n			
rio	High level	Low level]		
	\checkmark				
ne code		\checkmark	_		
	\checkmark				
ו	\checkmark		-		
nbly language		\checkmark	-		
	\checkmark				
Include one of each of the following:					
Advantages o Require o Used w Disadvantages o Very dif	es little translatio ith older compu ficult to learn ai	es little translation. ith older computer-controlled devices.	es little translation. ith older computer-controlled devices. ficult to learn and understand and spot problems.		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Python	
8_Q2	True	
8_Q3	Translator	
8_Q4	True	
8_Q5	Machine code	





RISC and CISC processors [U3_L5]

Question	on Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Reduced Instruction Set Computer Complex Instruction Set Computer 			
3	RISC and CISC are both types of computer architecture. Comp of <u>rules</u> , methods, and <u>hardware</u> elements of any specific comp <u>manufacturers</u> can then design processors to fit a specific <u>arch</u>	outer <u>system</u> . Di		
4	Include any three of the following: • Laptops • Tablets • Smartphones • Games consoles • Desktop computers			
5	Include any three of the following: Earlier electronic devices: Computers Calculators Stereo systems Video games 			
6	Statement	RISC	CISC	
	Used in modern electronic devices	\checkmark		
	Used in early electronic devices		\checkmark	
	Requires fast RAM to function efficiently	\checkmark		
	Has low manufacturing costs due to mass production	√		
	Uses the most power when running		\checkmark	
	Requires very little RAM		\checkmark	
	Is designed to carry out repeated single instructions		\checkmark	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	True	
7_Q2	1990s	
7_Q3	RISC	
7_Q4	False	
7_Q5	True	



BIOS and ROM [U3_L6]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	Basic input/output system		
3	It holds the sequence of commands for successfully starting up, or booting, a computer system.		
4	 Boot order = Tells the computer which hard drive contains the operating system Secure boot control = Allows a password to be added to prevent unauthorised access to the computer Device control = Allows connected devices, such as sound or network cards, to be disabled System settings = The date and time of the BIOS Overclocking = Can speed up a CPU beyond its original design 		
5	• ROM describes a programmable chip within a computer system that can store important information.		
6	VolatileNon-volatile		
7	 Include any of the following: Microwave to store controls Commands in a printer 	Any similar answer is ok.	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	UEFI	
8_Q2	True	
8_Q3	Firmware	
8_Q4	Read-only memory	
8_Q5	RAM	



Random access memory [U3_L7]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	Random access memory	
3	Random access memory is the short-term memory of any computer system, storing current instructions and calculations.	
4	 Include any two of the following: Instructions are being carried out by the CPU Files, documents, and applications are stored and accessed from the hard drive. Current instructions and data being processed by the CPU is held in RAM. 	Any similar answer is ok.
5	 Include any three of the following: Running multiple web pages Streaming music or video Checking emails Using office-based software Playing a game Updating the operating system 	Any similar answer is ok.
6	 Include any of the following: Find the RAM or memory monitor utility, normally part of any operating system. See if any particular application is using lots of RAM and close or remove it. Check start-up programs are launching that are not needed. 	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	DDR	
7_Q2	False	
7_Q3	16 GB	
7_Q4	Short-term memory	
7_Q5	True	





Virtual memory [U3_L8]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	 Include any of the following: Virtual memory is a function built into most operating system RAM is being used and the computer is in danger of crashin At this point the operating system will create additional 'virtu RAM. 	g.	
3	 The computer is slowing down, and RAM is almost full. Part of the hard drive that is not being used is designated at temporary RAM. Non-essential RAM data is transferred to this virtual memory on the hard drive. This frees up normal RAM and the computer functions normally. 		
4	 Include any two of the following: Virtual memory is free, providing there is space on hard drive. Allows more processes to continue. Ideal for temporarily increasing RAM for occasional use. 		
5	 Include any two of the following: Read/write access is slower to a hard drive than to RAM directly. The more virtual memory is used, the smaller the hard drive space. If too much virtual memory is used, the whole system will slow down. 		
6	 Include any three of the following: How many applications are being run at the same time, can Restart the machine and check how many applications are a these be disabled? Look through the installed programs list, can any be remove If memory issues are a common problem, can more RAM be 	automatically starting, can ed that aren't being used.	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Swapping	
8_Q2	Operating system	
8_Q3	False	
8_Q4	True	
8_Q5	True	



Users' memory requirements [U3_L9 & 10]

Question	Answer			Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS				
2	Storing users'A location for C	e following: ng systems and applicat files and documents CPU calculations and ap nsferring data from one	plication processes		
3	 Optical disc Magnetic drive Solid state drive 				
4	Include any three of th RAM ROM Hard drive CPU Optical drive BIOS	e following:			
5	 When purchasing a new computer, it is essential to consider more than just the <u>speed</u> of the <u>CPU</u> and the size of the <u>hard</u> drive. Make sure to look at the <u>RAM</u> specification and ask if it can be upgraded. 				
6	Cooperie	Hand drive turns	DAM		
	Scenario A student is moving to university and taking their laptop with them. They will be writing reports and carrying out research, along with social media use.	 A laptop on the move works best with a solid-state drive. 2TB will probably be enough. 	 The tasks described are not very RAM intensive but at least 8GB is recommended to prevent any slowdowns in the future. 	case the laptop is lost is recommended.	
	A special effects designer is working remotely on effects for a new sci-fi television show. They are collaborating with other designers around the world.	 Effect files will be very large. Due to the size needed, a magnetic drive of around 8TB is recommended. A solid-state drive of this size would be very expensive. 	 Rendering high quality models is very intensive and so as much RAM as possible would be recommended. 32GB of RAM would be suitable. 	 It sounds like external memory is not required for this scenario. However a cloud based system is recommended for collaborating. 	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	False	
7_Q2	Gigabytes	
7_Q3	Terabytes	
7_Q4	False	
7_Q5	True	





End of Unit Typical 4 Mark Questions

Question	Key points to look for in answer	Notes
1	 Volatile: any data stored on a volatile chip will disappear once the power is removed, when the power is returned it will be empty. RAM is volatile. Non-volatile: data is permanently stored until it is purposely removed or edited, even if the power is removed. ROM is non-volatile. 	
2	 BIOS stands for basic input/output system. It holds the sequence of commands for successfully starting up, or booting, a computer system. These commands are held in a ROM chip and can be accessed as the computer starts BIOS Tools: Boot order: Selects the hard drive with the operating system if multiple drives are fitted. Secure boot control: Adding a password to prevent unauthorised access to the computer. Device control: connected devices, such as sound or network cards can be disabled. System setting: the date and time of the BIOS. Overclocking: Used to speed up a CPU beyond its original design. 	



Network types [U4_L1]

Question	n Answer			Notes
1	• TIC	K KEYWORDS		
2	two	A network is the connection, either wired or wirelessly, of two or more computer devices that can communicate and share data between them.		
3	• WA area	LAN = a network that covers a small area WAN = a network designed to span a large geographical area. PAN = a small network created around one person		
4	 Include any two of the following: Games consoles connected for online gaming Smart speakers connecting to each other and the internet Bluetooth speakers and headsets Smart televisions, streaming films, and television. 		Any similar answer is ok.	
5	LapSma	lude any two of the following: Laptops Smartphones Smartwatches Wireless headphones 		Any similar answer is ok.
6	Any of the f	 Advantages Allows collaborative working in an office or school. Allows a single Wi-Fi connection to be shared. Allows collaborative working between multiple locations. Ideal for large organisations. Ideal for working on the move. Requires little technical knowledge. 	 Disadvantages Limited to one location. If the internet fails, it impacts all devices. Requires technical expertise to set up. A virus can spread between multiple locations. Devices can be more expensive. Risk of hacking from other users. 	
7	 Include any one of the following: Working on a train Being on holiday and wanting to check emails on a laptop Sharing an Internet connection in a car. 		Any similar answer is ok.	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	WAN	
8_Q2	PAN	
8_Q3	Local area network	
8_Q4	Wide area network	
8_Q5	Smart	



Network layouts [U4_L2]

Question	Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 It is the arrangement of net single network. 			
3	 Point to point = Two compatible devices connected to each other Bus = A single network cable to with multiple devices are connected Ring = Multiple devices connected together in a closed loop Star = A network with multiple devices around a single point Mesh = A network in which every device is connected to every other device 			
4	 Include any of the following: A laptop to a smartphone A computer to another com A tablet to a controller 	Any similar answer is ok.		
5	Point-to-point network	us network		
		tar network	Mesh network	
6	 Include any of the following: Allows communication to be made between any two points. Allows communication even if multiple connection points have failed. 			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Topology	
8_Q2	Hybrid	
8_Q3	Server	
8_Q4	Star	
8_Q5	True	



Advantages and disadvantages of networks [U4_L3]

Question	Answer			Notes	
1	TICK KEY	YWORDS			
2	-	e following: a mobile hotspot. g a router at home		Any similar answer is ok.	
3	Include any two o	of the following.			
	 An Internet between in the between in the	n access their work on multiple			
4	 Devices a A comput Multiple u It is import 	of the following. knowledge is required and cables can be expensive er virus can quickly spread. sers can slow down a network. tant to protect the network from using a firewall and anti-virus	knowledge is required ad cables can be expensive r virus can quickly spread. ers can slow down a network. ant to protect the network from		
5	Advantages • Allows co locations.	of each of the following. Ilaborative working between arge organisations.	• A	ages equires technical expertise to set up. virus can spread between multiple cations.	
6	Advantages • Ideal for v	of each of the following: vorking on the move. little technical knowledge.		ages evices can be more expensive. sk of hacking from other users.	
7	Include any one of Network layout Point-to-point Bus Ring Star Mesh	f each of the following: Advantage Very simple to create. Only requires a single cable. Very simple to create. Only requires a single cable. Easy to add more devices. Easy to add more devices. Extra devices do not slow the network. Data can be sent securely between devices. If a device fails, star will continue to work. If a device fails, the mesh will continue to work. If a device fails, the mesh will continue to work. The network can be expanded without a drop in performance.		Disadvantage • Limited to two devices. • Whole connection fails if cable fails. • More devices will slow the network. • If a device or the cable fails, the whole network stops. • Can be difficult to find faults. • If the central device fails, the whole network stops. • Expensive to build due to extra cabling and devices. • Difficult to setup and maintain. • Price and complexity increase as more devices added.	





Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	Mesh	
8_Q3	Mesh	
8_Q4	Bus	
8_Q5	Point-to-point	



Network scenarios [U4_L4]

Question	Answer			Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Include any two of the following: Do the users have any specific needs? What type of layout or topology should be used? Will it be wired or wireless or a mix? What type of network, LAN or WAN is most appropriate? 		Any similar answer is ok.	
3	Scenario	Network type and layout	Reas	sons
	A student has started a gaming club at home. Friends bring their laptops and tablets to socialise and play network games together rather than with strangers online.	Local Area Network (LAN) Star network	netwo signa arour A sw	uter at the centre of the ork can supply a wireless al for visiting friends and nd the home. itch can be added for multiple d connections if required.
4	Students' choice, the answ technology outlined in the t			
5	Scenario	rio Network type and Reasons layout		sons
	A clothing store that allows customers to design and print T- shirts in store has multiple branches around the world and a head office. All of the branches need to communicate with each other, and to connect to the internet.	Wide Area Network (WAN) Star network	wirel creat head Each using	N network with wired and ess connections can be ted at each store and at the d office. In can then be connected g routers as a WAN, sharing and allowing internet access.
6	Students' choice, the answer should fit in with the technology outlined in the textbook.			
7	 Include any two of the following: How might the network gro Will new users be added? Can security be updated? Will future devices be compared to the security of the security be updated? 			Any similar answer is ok.

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Network layout	
8_Q2	False	
8_Q3	Router	
8_Q4	LAN	
8_Q5	False	





Open-source and proprietary software [U4_L5]

Question	Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Freeware = Available at no cost to the user but with some conditions Open source = Freely available at no cost and includes very few conditions of use Proprietary = Paid for and licenced from a commercial organisation 			
3	Statement	Freeware	Open source	Proprietary
	It can be shared with others.	√	√	
	Depending on the licence, it cannot be sold to another user.			\checkmark
	It cannot be edited in any way.			\checkmark
	Alternative versions can be created from it, bu these must also be free	ıt	\checkmark	
	It may be a less functional version of a larger piece of software.	~		
	Anyone is permitted to edit the code.		\checkmark	
4	Include any one of each of the following. Advantages • A good way to try new software. • No cost if you don't like it.	 Disadvantages Lacking the functionality of some software. May contain advertisements. 		
5	Include any one of each of the following. Advantages • Free to use and modify • Great for experimenting with code. • Popular software has large online community for support.	 Disadvantages Technical support is often limited. Criminals can take advantage of it and create versions with viruses. 		
6	Include any one of each of the following. Advantages • Created to be free from errors when purchased. • Support is normally available.	 Disadvantages Normally cannot be exchanged or sold once used. Can be very expensive. 		anged or sold
7	Include any three of the following, or any found online: • Apache Open Office • Linux • GIMP, Paint.net, Blender • The Battle for Wesnoth, 0 A.D. • VLC		at:	amples can be found ipedia.org/wiki/Open- are

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Linux	
8_Q2	Proprietary	
8_Q3	False	
8_Q4	Open source	
8_Q5	False	



Types of software licence [U4_L6]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	 Include any three of the following: Who will be using the software? How much money can be spent? How many computers will it be installed on? Is technical support important? Which operating system will it need to run on? 	Any similar answer is ok.	
3	 In the past software was bought on physical floppy discs or CD-ROMs, now the majority of software is downloaded from the internet. 		
4	 Concurrent use licence = A licence that is based on the number of users accessing the software at once EULA = Users are licensees, who cannot copy, modify or share the software GNU General Public Licence = Guarantees end users the freedom to run, study, share and modify the software Non-perpetual licences = Subscription-based software with a monthly or annual licensing fee 		
5	 Proprietary licence = A contract between the licensor and pupurchaser's right to use the software 	 Perpetual licence = Allows an individual to use a program indefinitely Proprietary licence = A contract between the licensor and purchaser, establishing the purchaser's right to use the software Site licence = Allows the user to install software on several computers at the same time 	
6	 Perpetual lasts forever but a non-perpetual licence lasts only paid. Workstation is linked to one specific computer, but site is for organisation. 		
7	Include any one of the following of each: Advantage: Can access large library Library is constantly updated Can access anywhere with Internet access Disadvantage: Limited to Internet access Access removed if payment stopped Cannot keep any media after account closed 		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	Site	
8_Q3	Open source	
8_Q4	Non-perpetual	
8_Q5	True	

Remote working [U4_L7]

Question	Answer	Notes		
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Remote working, also known as home working, is the process of working away from an organisation's normal place of business. 			
3	 Include any three of the following: A reliable internet connection A desktop computer A laptop A web cam, microphone and speakers for video calls. Office stationery and resources A printer A scanner or digital camera 		Any similar answer is ok.	
4	Include any three of each the following:			
	 Advantages Family flexibility, the ability to reduce childcare and adjust working hours. Reduction in commuting, reducing traffic and pollution. Employers' reduction in office space and equipment costs. New home-based jobs have been created, especially in relation to computer science. Employers can hire new employees from around the world. People might not have to move to a city for a particular role. 	 emails and calls at The need to have a connection. Home computing n upgraded or share. Computer security to professional stat People can feel un disconnected from work colleagues. Increased home bi equipment and inte It may be required sensitive information 	a reliable internet nay need to be d with the family. will need upgrading ndards. rewarded or their employers and lls for energy, ernet connections. to store important or	
5	 If the role involves physical or interpersonal interactivity then it is difficult to do this remotely or from home. 			
6	 Include any three of the following: Should workers be expected to work extra hours and respond to emails day and night? Should employees receive compensation (money) if they have had to upgrade their home equipment and internet connection? If equipment or the internet fails, whose responsibility is it? Is it acceptable for employers to install software that monitors whether an employee is working or not? Is it safe for work documentation to be stored at home? What happens if there is a data breach and data is lost while at home? 			
7	The rise in remote working has made countries look carefully at their technology <u>infrastructure</u> . Some employees might not have a <u>reliable</u> internet connection. Others may need to have a <u>laptop</u> or tablet provided if they don't have their own. Some people may miss out on job opportunities if they don't have <u>access</u> to technology.			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Home working	
8_Q2	means of transport	
8_Q3	True	
8_Q4	Video calling	
8_Q5	True	



Copyright and ethics [U4_L8]

Question	Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	 Illegal: any action that goes against the legal rules defined by law. Unethical: going against the moral rules of right and wrong agreed by any society. 			
3	 Copyright = The legal right of ownership for the creator of any printed, published, filmed or recorded piece of work Copyright laws = Describe the legal protection that a creator has and what happens to people who break copyright Ethics = Moral rules that describe what we believe is right and wrong within a civilised society 			
4 Include any one of each for of the following: In support of free download sites Against free			Against free	e download sites
 Many people can't afford expensive streaming services. Much of the content may be old or difficult to find legally. The internet is free, why shouldn't all 		sites are sometimes run by inals. Fre were these files taken from? Ses can be spread. original creators cannot be paid for work.		
5	Scenario	Copyright		Ethical considerations
	A politician has created a broadcast designed to attract voters to vote for her. She has used clips from popular films and songs in her video.	consideratio Taking clips f non-personal break copyrig The creators and music sh asked for per use their cont	or such a use would ht. of the films ould be mission to	The politician might argue that sh is not making a commercial video The original creators might also not want their work associated with the video or any political cause.
6	Students' choice, the answer should fit in with the discussion points outlined in the textbook.			
7	Include any one of the following: Sharing content with a friend Downloading content from a website that looks legitimate Following a link recommended online. 			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	Ideas	
8_Q3	Fair use	
8_Q4	False	
8_Q5	Illegal	



Cybercrime [U4_L9]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	Cybercrime describes any sort of crime or criminal activity		
	that is carried out using a computer		
3	 Include any three of the following: A reliable, fast internet connection The ability to hide IP addresses using virtual private networks Remote working and portable devices The ability to create and edit websites The ability to send mass emails and text messages 		
	 The ability to 'spoof' or fake telephone numbers. 		
4	Phishing scam = Users receive a fake message from a bank or other company, which		
	claims they need to confirm their detail		
	 Ransomware = Places a virus on the c to the software creator 	omputer that locks all files until a payment is made	
		s claiming to sell currencies, such as Bitcoin.	
		ems, criminal material and stolen confidential	
	information		
5	The examples below are provided as a guide,		
	Phishing scam	Ransomware	
	Emailing a family, pretending to be their credit card company. It claims there has been	A hospital has lots of computers around the building and some have had their security	
	suspicious activity on the card and they settings updated. They receive		
	should click the secure link to urgently check	contained links to a ransomware program that	
	their account. The link is fake, and their login	locked it and all other machines on the same	
	details are stolen.	network. They could not be unlocked until a ransom payment is paid or an expert removes	
		it.	
	Cryptocurrency scams	Illegal material	
	Users receive messages claiming a website	Wanting to see what the dark web is about;	
	provides an easy and safe way to buy and sell cryptocurrency without technical knowledge.young users explore and find a website selling items they don't realise are stolen.The site is a scam that takes financialThey purchase items and are then contacted		
	information and closes after stealing	by the authorities, who were monitoring the	
	information from thousands of users.		
6	Include any four of the following:		
	 Never give away personal information either online or on the telephone. 		
	 Make sure to use strong passwords an 	•	
	 Avoid websites claiming to give away free downloads or products. Install advertising and trackers blockers onto your computer or smartphone. 		
	 Do not install software or smartphone apps from non-reputable sources. Ensure operating system security and antivirus software is always up to date. 		
7	Younger people often now have lessons and advice on		
-	cybercrime at school, something the older generation		
	never had access to.		
	Younger people have grown up with internet access,		
Question	whereas to older people, it is a relative Answer	y new technology. Notes / Marks	
8 Q1	False		
	Ransomware		
8_Q2			
8_Q3	Dark web		
8_Q4	True		
8_Q5	Yahoo		



The digital divide [U4_L10]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	 The digital divide is the gap between those that have access to technology and those that do not or choose not to use it. 	
3	 Include any two of the following: The industrial and technological level between countries. Different social and economic groups within the same countries. Opinions on technology between age groups. Opinions on technology between different cultural or religion 	-
4	 Information rich: knowing about the world, important even allows people to make informed decisions. Information poor: not being able to access useful informat if they need to, increases inequality and people missing out 	ion, or knowing where to look
5	 Include any one of the following of each: Advantage: Ability to contact more people than traditional media platforms. Instant and interactive communication. Disadvantage: Facts cannot be quickly checked. Users may confuse opinion with factual news 	
6	 Online shopping = Many services are moving online, and ar stores Employment = Job applications are often online, and many skills Democracy = Being able to listen to a wide range of opinior informed choices Economic growth = Advertising online gives businesses an cannot advertise online Social isolation = This decreases when people are able to s family around the world 	roles require basic computing as helps people make advantage over those that
7	 Include any four of the following: Provide better access in rural areas. Making devices and services cheaper to access. Teach all ages about technology and its opportunities. Share resources around the world. Consider all people, not just able-bodied users. 	Any similar answer is ok.

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	News organisations	
8_Q3	False	
8_Q4	75 per cent	
8_Q5	True	





End of Unit Typical 4 Mark Questions

Question	Key points to look for in answer	Notes
1	 PAN = a small network created around one person. Devices: Laptops Smartphones Smart watches Smart glasses Wireless headphones 	
	 Smart clothing 	
2	 Advantages: No need to commute to work. Flexibility around family life. Save money on travel and work attire. 	
	 Disadvantages: Requires a reliable internet connection. Requires computer devices at home. Feel disconnected from office and work friends. Increased energy usage at home. May not fit with family life and home design. 	



Databases and data types [U5_L1]

Question	Answer						Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS							
2	 A database is an organised collection of electronic data that can be searched, analysed, filtered and presented. 							
3	 The p school Custo Libra Gove 	 school. Customer details and purchases. Libraries of books, films or music. 						
4	Field:Table	: one part e: a list of	omplete entr of a record similar reco en for enteri	rds	oase a database			
5	MicroApacFileM	Include any two of the following: • Microsoft Access • Apache Open Office Base • FileMaker Pro • Libre Office Base				also exist.		
6	Product Brand Cost (US\$) Type In stock Access D001 SWBB \$9.99 T-Shirt Y Access Access				Accept Table for a database consi single table.			
7	0. Data	5450						
	Example	Date	Currency	Boolean	Data type Percentage	Intege	r Alphanumeric	Real
		and time						
	24/12/2005 √ L@@K √							
	True, False			\checkmark				
	2007					\checkmark		
	¥10,000		\checkmark					
	1138.94				,			\checkmark
	21%				\checkmark			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	True	
8_Q2	Adobe Photoshop	
8_Q3	Fields	
8_Q4	Alphanumeric	
8_Q5	Text	



Setting up a database [U5_L2]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS	3	
2	 Include any two of the following: What information do I want to collect? What fields should be created? Will answers fit into a datatype? How could it be analysed? 		Any similar answer is ok.
3	Field Name	Data type	
	Name of sport	Alphanumeric	
	Year first played	Integer	
	Country of origin	Alphanumeric	
	Number of players	Integer	
4	• The primary key of any database is a unique field in which the value cannot be repeated.		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
4_Q1	False	
4_Q2	ID number	
4_Q3	When you start	
4_Q4	True	
4_Q5	Date and time	



Using a data entry form [U5_L3]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	 Include any three of the following: Is it easy for a range of users to access? Does it clearly state the responses to be entered? Does it have a clean, attractive layout? 	Any similar answer is ok.
3	Sketch should look something like this:	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
4_Q1	User-friendly	
4_Q2	True	
4_Q3	True	
4_Q4	Wizard	
4_Q5	False	



Data entry and database reports [U5_L4 & 5]

Question	Answer		Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	Primary data is collected directly from an original source and secondary data is collected from an existing source.			
3	Include any two of each of the fo Primary: Interview Live recording (s In-person survey Secondary: Internet research TV/Radio record Books Newspapers	Any similar answer is ok.		
4				
	Example	Quantitative	Qualitative	
	An opinion on a news event		\checkmark	
	A rating score of a film	\checkmark		
	A user review of an online store		\checkmark	
	Asking someone their age	\checkmark		
5	 A database report is a printed or on-screen extract from a database in a user-friendly document. Selected fields and data entries are filtered and presented for a specific purpose. 			
6	Include any three of the following: • Who is the report for? • What fields should be included? • What formatting and layout is appropriate? • Should a template be used?			
7	Parcel or envelope labels √ A summary report of product stock √ A poster for a new product A business card with contact details √			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	False	
8_Q2	YouTube video	
8_Q3	Quantitative	
8_Q4	True	
8_Q5	False	

Relational databases [U5_L6]

Question	Answer	Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	the primary key		
3	 A relational database contains two or more tables and relationships can be created between them. 		
4	 A flat-file database contains only one table, a relational database contains two or more. 		
5	Students should use boxes, lines or arrows to link the 'Customer ID' field in all three tables.		
6	Teachers do not need to see students' medical records, only their academic results. Likewise, a school nurse would not need to see students' academic results.		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	1	
7_Q2	False	
7_Q3	Product ID	
7_Q4	Surname	
7_Q5	True	



Database queries [U5_L7]

Question	Answer				Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS					
2	 A database query is simply trying to find a match for a specific term within a database. 					
3			Any sim	ilar answer is ok.		
4						
	Description	Operator	r]		
	Equal to	=		1		
	Less than	<				
	Greater than	>				
	Less than or equal to) <=				
	Greater than or equal to	>=				
5	 A wildcard symbo query if it is not kr Students' example wildcard symbols 	nown. es will diffe	er, but should u	se one of the		
6			1			
	Query description		Field	Query		Result
	How many Swoosh b products are there?	rand	Brand	=Swoos	h	2
	How many products are \$20 or less?		Cost	<=20		2
	How many products a stock?	are in	In stock	=Y		2
7	 Students' own and 	swers.				

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Search	
8_Q2	~	
8_Q3	True	
8_Q4	Not equal to	
8_Q5	False	



Advance reports [U5_L8]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	 Include any of the following: To meet a specific theme or company branding To focus on a specific selection of fields 	
3	 Include any three of the following: Formatting text Background colours and effects Adding graphical shapes and images Adding photographs Adding calculated fields, processing the data already contained within a field Adding external data, such as the date or filename 	
4	• The design is of students' own choice but should include the key elements of the brief.	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
5_Q1	Video	
5_Q2	A presentation	
5_Q3	False	
5_Q4	External	
5_Q5	Calculated	





Advanced database skills and problem solving [U5_L9 & 10]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	 Include any two of the following: Fields may need adding, removing or editing. Field types may have changed. New reports many be required. Old data may need removing or updating. 	Any similar answer is ok.
3	 Include two any of the following: incorrectly formatted fields: for example, missing decimal points in a currency field identifying the wrong field as a primary key in a relational database incorrectly naming linked fields accidentally repeated fields incorrect operators used in a query Using a reserved word as a field name Out of date records in a large database may not have been removed. 	
4	 Reserved words are key terms that cannot be used to name fields within a database. 	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
5_Q1	false	
5_Q2	reserved words	
5_Q3	live	
5_Q4	date of birth	
5_Q5	true	





End of Unit Typical 4 Mark Questions

Question	Key points to look for	in answer		Notes
1	 Alphanumeric ca Real number ca Examples: Integer: & Alphanu 	numbers only, no decimal po an be any mix of characters. n have decimal points and al 54321, -2012 meric: Hello World!, H@ckr5, .27, -94.01	so be negative.	
2	Any two of the formula in the f			
	Operator	Description		
	=	Equal to		
	<	Less than		
	>	Greater than		
	<=	Less than or equal to		
	>=	Greater than or equal to		
	<>	Not equal to		
	between	Between two values		
		e cheapest large product. for large plant, sorted by pric	ce.	



An introduction to HTML [U6_L1]

Question	Answer	Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	
2	Sir Tim Berners-Lee created HTML and the first web <u>browser</u> to displatement already existed, there wasn't a single <u>agreed</u> standard for deservers and browsers he created allowed anyone to use the Internet	isplaying <u>content</u> . The web
3	Include any four of the following: • Text • Images • Colour, style and formatting • Videos • Sound • Internal hyperlinks • External hyperlinks	
4	HTML PAGE HEAD PAGE TITLE PAGE FORMATTING HEAD PAGE CONTENT	
5	 Head: contains essential page information, including title, strags: instructs the browser to display content in a specific w Title: appears as the title at the top of the browser and is list Body: contains all the page content that will be seen by the Attribute: used to add specific or additional information to a Hyperlink: a link to another web page within the same site o Lists: can be either unordered (bullet points) or ordered (nur Metadata: background information about the site, read by see 	vay, using <> and ed in search engines user HTML command r on an external site nbered)

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
6_Q1	Paragraph	
6_Q2	realpython.com	
6_Q3	Comments	
6_Q4	Anchor	
6_Q5	False	



HTML Basics [U6_L2]

Question	Answer		Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS	6	
2	<pre><!--D0CTYPE html--> <html> <h< td=""><td>Line break Unordered list ts There are many more to find. Browser title Heading</td><td></td></h<></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></html></pre>	Line break Unordered list ts There are many more to find. Browser title Heading	
3	HTML	Explanation	
	<pre> <!DOCTYPE html> </pre>	This notifies the web browser to display	an HTML document
	<head></head>	Creates the header area, where the title	
	<title></title>	The title that appears in the browser too	
	<body></body>	The main content area of the page.	
	<h1></h1>	Specifies heading style 1 of 6. Heading	1 is the largest.
		Creates a new paragraph.	
	 Creates a bullet point list.		
	< i>	Creates a new bullet point within the lis	t.
	<pre><!DOCTYPE html> <html> <html> <head> <title>Bags of the Wc </head> <body> <hl>Bags from around These are just a f find. Rucksack Handbag Shoulder bag Picnic box </body> </html> </code></th><th>the world</h1>
Tew different types of bag.
The
i></th><th>ere are many more to</th></tr><tr><td>5</td><td> It includes function </td><td>st recent of version of HTML.
nality for multiple size devices, online vide
ed for multiple plugins when browsing the</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Question</td><td>Answer</td><td></td><td>Notes / Marks</td></tr><tr><td>6_Q1</td><td>False</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>6_Q2</td><td>The Internet Archive</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>6_Q3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>6_Q4</td><td><body></body></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>6_Q5</td><td>False</td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title></head></html></html></pre>		



Designing a simple web page [U6_L3]

Question	Answer		Notes
1	TICK KEYWORDS		
2	Students' own choice of topic.		
3			
	Statement	Good advice	Bad advice
	Use lower-case letters for folders and	\checkmark	
	filenames.		
	Create a folder structure with sub-folders. \checkmark		
	Save all your files on the desktop.		\checkmark
	Use upper-case letters for filenames.		\checkmark
	Avoid using spaces in folder names and	\checkmark	
	filenames.		
4	Students should add suitable file and folder	names.	
5	Students' plans should resemble that in text	book.	
6	Students' HTML should be similar to that in	textbook.	

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
7_Q1	%20	
7_Q2	False	
7_Q3		
7_Q4		
7_Q5	n n	



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Testing a web page [U6_L4]

Question	Answer				Notes
1	 TICK KEY 	WORDS			
2	 Include any two of the following: It is a working document that contains links, interactive elements and is based on program code. For the website to function correctly, the code must not contain errors. It is also a live document, meaning it needs to be accurate and stay accurate over time. It can be seen by an audience Content should be truthful and accurate. 				
3	 Include any four of the following: Incorrect syntax, using an incorrect symbol. Not closing tags, for example using an opening <h1> but forgetting the closing </h1>. Placing content in the wrong area, page titles outside of the <head> area for example.</head> Poorly formatted text using lots of tags, rather than paragraphs. File and folder names not matching their reference in the code. Missing the .html file extension when creating the file in a text editor. 				
4	 Proofread 		for coding errors ire the content, t laid out.		
5	 Content Functiona Navigation Useability Accuracy 	า			
6	Test		ected Actua sult resul	•	
7	Error 1 Missing list closing tag on 'handbag'.	Error 2 Missing letter in 	Error 3 Inconsistent heading styles: h2 and h1	Error 4 Missing closure of unordered list	Errors can be in any order.

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Poor grammar	
8_Q2	False	
8_Q3	< i><\!i>	
8_Q4	head	
8_Q5	True	



WYSIWYG Software [U6_L5]

Question	Answer	Notes		
1	TICK KEYWORDS			
2	• (WYSIWYG) stands for What You See Is W	hat You Get		
3	 WYSIWYG is designed so the user can create a website on screen and see straight away how it will look, rather than previewing code within a browser. 			
4	 Include any three of the following: Drag and drop graphics and images, in the same style of desktop publishing software. Live previews, the ability to see how the page will look within using a browser. File and folder management, making sure links are updated if content is moved. The ability to link to existing online sources, video, and audio. The ability to add web forms, shopping functionality and interactivity. 			
5	 If WYSIWYG software is used, the website is locally created on a computer and then tested in a browser. Builders such as WordPress are normally web-based, so websites are created within the browser without additional software. Include any two of each of the following: 			
	 Advantages No coding experience required. Visual errors can be quickly spotted. No need to preview in a separate browser. Compatibility for different devices is often included. 	 Disadvantages Difficult to make small tweaks as changes often site-wide. Limited choice of themes. Graphical glitches on some browsers difficult to edit. Auto-generated HTML is often much longer than required. 		
7	 Users are not just using desktop comput Users are viewing sites on smartphones The page needs to adapt to the device to 	and tablets.		

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	Excel	
8_Q2	live	
8_Q3	long HTML code	
8_Q4	True	
8_Q5	False	



Multimedia web content [U6_L6]

Question	Answer			Notes	
1	TICK KEYWORDS				
2	 Users now no longer need to wait for downloading pages. With so many websites, designers want their site to stand out. Multimedia content allows access to video, music and games. 				
3	Include any three of the following: High quality photographs and images Music and audio Video and animation Online games and activities 				
4	Answers depend on stud	lent choices, below are exan	nple ar	iswers.	
	A microblogging site A	social network	An int	ernational nev	ws site
	 Images Videos Animated gifs 	ImagesVideosAnimated gifsOnline games	• • •	Images Videos Audio intervio Infographics Crosswords	ews
5	The content is not copied to the directly from that source within the source withint		ginal in	ternet source	and played
6	Include any three of the following: Streaming video Streaming music Online games Parts of another web page. 				
7	Statement		G	ood advice	Bad advice
	Only choose content that en makes it better.	nhances the page and		\checkmark	
	Use content appropriate for especially with video.			\checkmark	
	Add multiple embedded iter				\checkmark
	Make sure you have permission to use the content.			\checkmark	
	Link to any content without Fill the page with as much o viewers' attention.		ер		√ √

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	2000	
8_Q2	Embedded content	
8_Q3	True	
8_Q4	False	
8_Q5	False	



Designing a multiple-page website [U6_L7 & L8]

Question	Answer		Notes		
1	TICK KEYWORDS				
2	Responsive: the site changes to suit the device				
3	Adaptive: includes multiple versions of the same site for diff	erent device	es.		
	Statement	Good advice			
	Always keep the target audience and their interests in mind.	\checkmark			
	Use as many colours as possible on the same page.		\checkmark		
	Add multiple multimedia items to a single page.		\checkmark		
	Think about the reading ability of your target audience.	\checkmark			
	Steal content from another site.		\checkmark		
	If in doubt, create your own original content.	\checkmark			
4					
	Statement	Good advice	Bad advice		
	Use complex tables with multiple cells and content areas.		\checkmark		
	Make every page completely different		\checkmark		
	Design around a single column	\checkmark			
	Spread content out in every direction.		\checkmark		
	Consider how the page might look on a mobile device.	\checkmark			
	Maintain a similar layout across all pages.	\checkmark			
5	 Include any two of the following: What is the purpose of the site? What is it about? Who is the target audience? What are their interests? What functionality do I want to include? Navigation? Multimedia elements? What functionality will the website need to meet the purpose? Where will the content come from? Original or online sources? What device will the site be viewed on? Desktop, smartphone tablet? What colour theme should be used? How will I create it? HTML coding or WYSIWYG software? 				
6	Main content Main content Main content		Similar common layouts are acceptable.		
7	 Many websites follow similar layout that have become fa users. Simple layouts work well with different devices. 	miliar to			

Question	Answer	Notes / Marks
8_Q1	False	
8_Q2	Menu buttons	

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8_Q3	2007	
8_Q4	The banner	
8_Q5	True	

Building a multiple page website [U6_L9 & L10] [THERE ARE NO ANSWERS FOR THIS PAGE AS IT IS A PRACTICAL TASK]



End of Unit Typical 4 Mark Questions

Question	Key points to look for in answer	Notes
1	 Tags are used to format content or instruct the browser to display content in a specific way. They start with <> and end with >. Examples: <head></head> - Creates the header area. <title></title> - The browser toolbar title. <body></body> - The main content area of the page. <h1></h1> - Specifies heading style. - Creates a new paragraph. 	
2	 Benefits: Existing videos can be added that you didn't create. The embedded videos don't take up server space. Videos can be quickly changed. Drawbacks: If the video is removed or swapped, the link is broken. No control over the content. Need to be aware of copyright. 	