

Leerlingen maken in elk hoofdstuk kennis met wereldburgerschap, zoals deze gehele les gewijd is aan dieren en hun leefgebied.

Elk hoofdstuk bevat deze vijf onderdelen, die aangeven in welke fase van het leerproces de leerlingen zitten.

Global Citizen Learning about animal habitats.

Wander Imagine Build Grow Shine

1 Listen Listen. Where can you find the animals?

2 Skill Up Read again. Find words to describe the animals.

Animal habitats

Animals live in different habitats around the world. All animals need food and shelter. But some habitats are dangerous for animals. How do they survive?



Arctic habitat with cold climate

Arctic habitats

The Arctic has a cold and windy climate, with a lot of snow and ice. Polar bears can live there because they have thick fur to keep them warm. You can't see polar bears because they're white, like the snow. This is how they stay safe. There are no trees or plants in the Arctic, but polar bears eat fish. There are a lot of fish in the sea!



Cheetahs can survive in grasslands

Grassland habitats

Grasslands in Africa have a hot climate. Cheetahs survive because they can run very fast to catch animals to eat. They have spots on their fur, too, so that they are difficult to see in their habitat. When cheetahs need a shelter to sleep, they usually climb a tree.



A shelter in a tree

Animals in danger

But some animal habitats are changing for animals like polar bears. In other places, people are building houses where wild animals live. They're looking for food and shelter.

Alle audio vindt u online overzichtelijk bij elkaar in de Pearson English Portal.

- 3 Read again. Then answer.
- 1 What is the weather like in the Arctic?
 - 2 How do cheetahs survive in grasslands?
 - 3 Why are some animals moving into cities?
- 4 Listen. How do desert tortoises survive?
- 5 Listen again. Then answer.
- 1 Desert tortoises are **smaller / stronger** than some other tortoises.
 - 2 They **can / can't** run fast.
 - 3 Desert tortoises eat **desert plants / small animals**.
 - 4 Desert tortoises can survive without water for **one year / fifty years**.



WILDLIFE TRAIL

Fact file: Ladybirds

Ladybirds are small beetles. They've got two beautiful red wings with black spots. Ladybirds are more colourful than many other beetles. They live in the grass and on flowers near the pond. They eat small insects.

Which animals can you find?



Fact file: Frogs

Frogs are small and green, with two big eyes, a big mouth and strong back legs. They are bigger than ladybirds. They live in water and near the pond. Frogs eat insects and small animals.



Our writing workshop

3 **Idea generator** Listen. Complete the sentences.

- 1  Beetles have... and they can fly.
- 2  Eagles live in... and mountains.
- 3  Deer eat... and....

4 **Give it a go** Plan your animal fact file.

Choose an animal, bird or insect.

Describe the animal.

What does it eat?

I can shine!

5 Write your animal fact file.

I can write an animal fact file.