# Lit in (ofour

Your guide to our

Pearson Edexcel GCSE (9–1) English Literature

and

Pearson Edexcel
A level English
Literature

qualifications







## **Contents**

	PAGE
Introduction to Lit in Colour	3
GCSE (9–1) English Literature	4-7
Our GCSE texts	8-9
A level English Literature	10–14
Our A level texts and coursework guides	15–17
What do I receive as a Lit in Colour Pioneer?	18–19







## Introduction to Lit in Colour

Together with Penguin Random House UK and The Runnymede Trust, we want to highlight the importance of a diverse English Literature curriculum.

It's essential that students across the UK are given access to books by Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic writers and those from a range of backgrounds, to ensure a better reflection of contemporary culture and society, and to provide students with both experiences beyond their own and experiences that may resonate with them.

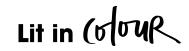
To help in achieving this mission, we're introducing the Lit in Colour Pioneers programme.

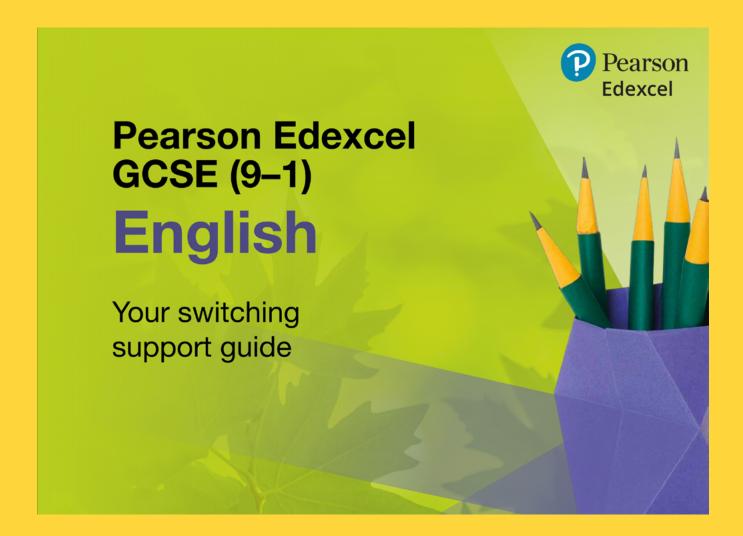
### What is the Lit in Colour Pioneers programme?

We're offering 100 secondary schools and colleges across the UK the chance to join the first ever Lit in Colour Pioneers programme. To be eligible to join the programme, you'll need to commit to diversifying your English Literature curriculum by teaching one of our new set texts on the Pearson Edexcel GCSE or A level English Literature qualifications, starting in September 2021.

These 100 pioneer schools will receive free access to:

- copies of the chosen set texts for every student in the relevant year group, donated by Penguin
- a programme of work and series of free resources including CPD training webinars for teachers and school librarians, plus qualification support and training where required
- support programmes of work for each set text including creative content from authors plus videos and a range of resources to support the specification
- a Lit in Colour mini library including 300 free Penguin books by Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic writers designed for all age groups, together with colourful posters and artwork
- a student ambassador programme.













## GCSE (9-1) English

## **Key features**

#### **Engaging texts for all learners.**

Hundreds of teacher responses shaped our text lists, with a mixture of tried-and
 -tested texts proven to inspire and challenge the full ability range (such as Animal
 Farm and Lord of the Flies), alongside newer options chosen by you.

#### **Extensive poetry support.**

- A wide range of Romantic, heritage and contemporary poetry arranged into three broad themes in our anthology: Relationships, Conflict, Time and Place and Belonging

   allowing you the opportunity to choose a collection that is right for your students.
- Our current centres have told us how valuable our support materials around poetry
  are for their students. We'll provide lesson plans for each of our poems, along with a
  digital anthology of material such as audio recordings of the poems and support for
  the comparison requirements.

#### Comparison of poetry.

We know that comparison can be a challenging skill for some learners to master, and
there is a requirement within GCSE English Literature for learners to compare seen
and unseen texts. Our comparison will always be tackled through poetry: through one
question comparing two studied anthology poems, and one question asking learners
to compare two unseen poems, which will always be modern. There will be no crossgenre comparison.

#### Use of extracts to support effective language analysis.

 All the examinations will be closed book. In order to facilitate close language analysis, we have developed extract-based questions to ensure that the right skills are being assessed.

#### A range of question types to support all learners.

 Using what we have learned from our previous GCSE and Certificate papers, we have employed a combination of question types to help students access both the more complex texts and the assessment objectives. For example, both our Shakespeare and 19th century questions are split into two to help students focus on a short extract for close language analysis and then answer a longer question to show their knowledge of the whole text.







## Literature

## Assessment at a glance

Paper 1	<b>1hr 45 mins</b> (50%)		Paper 2	2hrs 15 mins (50%)	
Section A: Shakespeare			Section A:  19th Century fic		
extract of approximately 30 lines exand one on the whole play.		<ul> <li>Two questions – one based on an extract of approximately 400 words (provided for students) and one based on the whole novel.</li> </ul>			

#### Section B:

#### Post-1914 British Drama or Fiction

- Students study EITHER drama or fiction.
- · Choice of essay questions.
- Vocabulary, sentence structure, spelling and punctuation are assessed.

#### Section B:

#### **Poetry**

- One question comparing one named poem from the chosen anthology collection, and another anthology poem of the students' choice from the same collection.
- One question asking students to compare two unseen contemporary poems.

#### **Choice of texts**

- Shakespeare: Macbeth, The Tempest, Romeo and Juliet, Much Ado About Nothing, The Merchant of Venice, Twelfth Night.
- British fiction or drama: Animal Farm, Lord of the Flies, Anita and Me, The Woman in Black, An Inspector Calls, Hobson's Choice, Blood Brothers, Journey's End, The Empress, Refugee Boy, Boys Don't Cry, Coram Boy.
- 19th century novel: Jane Eyre, Great Expectations, Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde, A Christmas Carol, Pride and Prejudice, Silas Marner, Frankenstein.



## **Our GCSE texts**



## The Empress

by Tanika Gupta (2013)

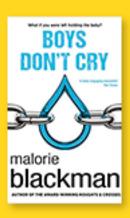
Blending the true story of Queen Victoria's relationship with Abdul Karim with the experiences of the Indian ayahs who came to Britain during the 19th century, The Empress brings a hidden part of British history to life.



### Refugee Boy

by Benjamin Zephaniah and adapted for the stage by Lemn Sissay (2013)

A story about arriving, belonging and finding home. As a violent civil war rages back home in Ethopia, teenager Alem and his father are in a B&B in Berkshire. We follow his character and the struggles he faces as a refugee in England.



## Boys Don't Cry

by Malorie Blackman (2011)

A hard-hitting novel that revolves around two brothers and their widowed father. The themes of family relationships, in particular those between father and son, are explored in the novel.







## Belonging

in collaboration with The Poetry Society

A new collection of 15 poems that each reflect a sense of belonging, whether it be through identity, culture, heritage, nature or friendship.











## The key features of Pearson Edexcel

For our A level English Literature qualification, we've created courses to engage and enrich students' learning, providing them with the expertise to actively explore the world around them. We've consulted with those that know the most about the subjects: teachers, subject associations

#### The literary text is at the heart of the qualification

For many of us, our relationship with our own A level texts was the catalyst for our choice of university course and subsequent career. Therefore, the literary text is at the heart of our A level English Literature qualifications. **We have selected literature we know works well with students**, as well as offering fresh new options that have been recommended by teachers and academics.

#### There is a clear focus on the three main genres

Each examined component focuses on one of three main genres: **poetry**, **prose or drama**. This gives students the time and space to develop their knowledge and confidence through breadth and depth of study.

#### Meaningful comparisons

- There is no cross-genre comparison in any of the examined components.
  This avoids forced or artificial comparison between disparate texts.
- Comparison is only ever based upon two equally important texts, with no supplementary texts, or requirement to refer to multiple texts in a superficial way.

#### **Maximising choice**

Within each component, a wide range of text options are offered, allowing you to select texts that will best appeal to your students.

- ♦ There is the flexibility to choose tragedy, comedy, or one text from each genre (see pages 6 and 7).
- It's also possible to teach the work of a named poet, or instead, a range of poetry within a movement.
- ♦ Thematic study of prose allows not only a choice of theme, but also a choice of texts within the theme.
- ♠ For the coursework component, students choose two texts to analyse, allowing students plenty of opportunity to pursue their own interests.







## A level English Literature

and our partners in Higher Education, in order to produce specifications that will prepare students for the research and study skills required of them in higher education and the workplace.



#### A clear and distinctive approach to criticism

The study of literary criticism is rooted firmly during the study of the A level texts. Students will have the opportunity to read critical essays on either the genre of tragedy or comedy, as well as essays on their studied Shakespeare play. This allows students to engage with the text, perhaps considering:

- What has been said about my play at different times?
- Which other perspectives could I bring to bear?
- Mow do these readings differ from, or support my own?

Produced in collaboration with University College London, **free Shakespeare Critical Anthology teaching resources** will be provided to all students at the start of the course.

#### Co-teachable AS and A level

- The AS specification has been designed to be entirely co-teachable with the first year of a two-year A level course.
- All the AS set texts appear in the A level specification, so there is no requirement to make decisions around AS and A level routes prior to the start of the course.

#### Holistic assessment

- ♦ Holistic mark schemes allow examiners to mark the students' work in the same way as it was written - as a single cohesive piece of writing, with the response to each Assessment Objective integrated throughout.
- We want students to be able to focus on giving their best response to their exam question, not on trying to remember how many marks are attributed to each Assessment Objective.



## A level assessment at a glance

## A level (first assessment: summer 2017)

#### **Component 1: Drama**

√60 marks

△ 30% Weighting

② 2 hours 15 mins

#### Students study:

- one Shakespeare play from the categories of either tragedy OR comedy
- one other drama text from the categories of either tragedy OR comedy
- essays and critical commentary related to their selected Shakespeare play.

Section A: Shakespeare (35 marks)

**One** essay question from a choice of two on the studied Shakespeare text.

Section B: Other drama (25 marks)

**One** essay question from a choice of two on the studied drama text.

#### **Drama texts**

Provided texts: Shakespeare: A Critical Anthology (see page 8).

#### Tragedy

**Shakespeare:** Antony and Cleopatra, Hamlet, King Lear, Othello.

Other drama: The Duchess of Malfi, A Streetcar Named Desire, Doctor Faustus, The Home Place.

#### Comedy

**ShakesPeare:** A Midsummer Night's Dream, Measure for Measure, The Taming of the Shrew, Twelfth Night.

**Other drama:** The Importance of Being Earnest, The Pitmen Painters, The Rover, Waiting for Godot.

Texts may be selected from within or across sub-categories, selecting one tragedy and one comedy or two texts from the same category.

#### **Component 2: Prose**

√40 marks

△ 20% weighting

1 hour 15 mins

#### Students study:

**Two** prose texts from a chosen theme, including at least one pre–1900 text.

**One** comparative essay question from a choice of two on the studied prose texts (includes at least one pre-1900 text).

#### **Prose themes**

#### Childhood

**Pre-1900:** What Maisie Knew, Henry James; Hard Times, Charles Dickens.

**Post-1900:** *Atonement*, lan McEwan; *The Color Purple*, Alice Walker.

#### **Colonisation and its Aftermath**

**Pre-1900:** Heart of Darkness, Joseph Conrad; The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn, Mark Twain.

**Post-1900:** A Passage to India, E M Forster; The Lonely Londoners, Sam Selvon.

#### **Crime and Detection**

**Pre-1900:** Lady Audley's Secret, Mary Elizabeth Braddon; The Moonstone, Wilkie Collins.

**Post-1900:** *In Cold Blood*, Truman Capote; *The Murder Room*, P D James.

#### **Science and Society**

**Pre-1900:** Frankenstein, Mary Shelley; The War of the Worlds, H G Wells.

**Post-1900:** Never Let Me Go, Kazuo Ishiguro; The Handmaid's Tale, Margaret Atwood.

#### The Supernatural

**Pre-1900:** The Picture of Dorian Gray, Oscar Wilde; Dracula, Bram Stoker.

**Post-1900:** The Little Stranger, Sarah Waters; Beloved, Toni Morrison.

#### Women and Society

**Pre-1900:** Wuthering Heights, Emily Brontë; Tess of the D'Urbervilles, Thomas Hardy.

**Post-1900:** *Mrs Dalloway*, Virginia Woolf; *A Thousand Splendid Suns*, Khaled Hosseini.







#### **Component 3: Poetry**

√ 60 marks

△ 30% weighting

2 hours 15 mins

#### Students study:

- a selection of poetry from a post-2000 collection AND EITHER
- a range of poetry from a literary period OR
- a range of poetry by a named poet from within a literary period.

Section A: Contemporary Poetry (30 marks)

**One** comparative essay from a choice of two on an unseen poem written post-2000 and a named poem from the studied collection.

**One** essay question from a choice of two on the studied poetry period or poet.

#### **Poetry texts**

Selection of modern poetry from Poems of the Decade: An Anthology of the Forward Books of Poetry 2002-2011.

#### Select EITHER the named collection OR the named poet within the chosen period below.

#### The Medieval Period (1350-1500)

Everyman and Medieval Miracle Plays, editor A C Cawley (Everyman, 1993).

This edition has normalised spelling but these poetic dramas can also be read with the original spelling in *English Mystery Plays: A Selection*, editor Peter Happe (Penguin Classics, 1975). Either edition is permissible.

#### OR

#### **Geoffrey Chaucer**

The Wife of Bath's Prologue and Tale, editor J Winny (Cambridge, 1994).

#### The Metaphysical Poets (1600–1690)

Metaphysical Poetry, editor C Burrow and C Ricks (Penguin, 2006).

#### OR

#### John Donne

John Donne Selected Poems (Penguin Classics, 2006).

#### The Romantics (1780-1830)

English Romantic Verse, editor D Wright (Penguin Classics, 1973).

#### OR

#### John Keats

Selected Poems: John Keats, editor J Barnard (Penguin Classics, 2007).

#### The Victorians (1837-1900)

The New Oxford Book of Victorian Verse, editor C Ricks (OUP, 2008).

#### OR

#### **Christina Rossetti**

Christina Rossetti Selected Poems, editor D Roe (Penguin, 2008).

#### Modernism (1900-1939)

The Great Modern Poets, editor M Schmidt (Quercus, 2014).

#### OR

#### T. S. Eliot

T. S. Eliot Selected Poems (Faber, 2009).

#### The Movement (1950-1970)

The Oxford Book of Twentieth Century English Verse, editor Philip Larkin with foreword by A Motion (OUP, 1973).

#### OR

#### Philip Larkin

The Less Deceived (Faber, 2011).

See Appendix 5 of the A level specification for the list of poems to be studied.

#### Component 4: Coursework

🗸 60 marks

△ 20% weighting

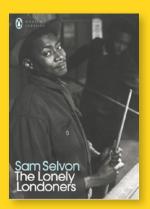
2500 – 3000 words

**One** extended comparative essay referring to two texts.

Students study a free choice of two texts linked by theme, movement, author or period. Chosen texts may be selected from poetry, drama, prose or literary non-fiction.



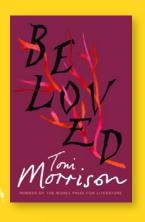
# Our A level texts and coursework guides



#### The Lonely Londoners

By Sam Selvon (1956)

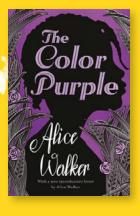
Set in 1950s London, this is the story of the arrival of hopeful immigrants, including Moses Aloetta, and their journey in learning how to survive and come to love what London has to offer.



#### Beloved

By Toni Morrison (1987)

A story which follows the experiences of Sethe, abandoned by her sons and living with her youngest daughter in Cincinnati, in the aftermath of the American Civil War. The themes of this novel touch upon slavery and violence.



#### The Colour Purple

By Alice Walker (1982)

A powerful novel following a young black girl born into poverty and segregation in the deep American South. The themes address several issues faced by African-American women in the 1930s, including violence and separation.



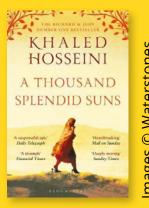




## A Thousand Splendid Suns

By Khaled Hosseini (2007)

This story follows fifteen-year-old Mariam's arranged marriage to Rasheed and later her unlikely friendship with teenager, Laila. The themes of this novel explore a mother and daughter relationship in war-torn Afghanistan.



Images © Waterstones

## What do I receive as a Lit in Colour Pioneer?

By becoming a Lit in Colour Pioneer, you'll be able to access a wealth of additional free resources, alongside the free support available to all of our Pearson Edexcel centres.

- A 'getting ready to teach' event for anyone new to Pearson Edexcel
- Programmes of work for each text
- CPD training webinars for teachers and school librarians
- Creative content and events from authors
- Workshops around the qualifications, such as exemplars and marking

## **Post Results Support**

We have a variety of post results support available to you, including:









Meet your subject advisor, Clare Haviland Twitter: @PearsonTeachEng

Learn about what diversity means and why is it's important in this video:



# Lit in (ofour





