

Transforming functions

A LEVEL LINKS

Scheme of work: 1f. Transformations – transforming graphs – $f(x)$ notation

Key points

- The transformation $y = f(x) \pm a$ is a translation of $y = f(x)$ parallel to the y -axis; it is a vertical translation.

As shown on the graph,

- $y = f(x) + a$ translates $y = f(x)$ up
- $y = f(x) - a$ translates $y = f(x)$ down.

- The transformation $y = f(x \pm a)$ is a translation of $y = f(x)$ parallel to the x -axis; it is a horizontal translation.

As shown on the graph,

- $y = f(x + a)$ translates $y = f(x)$ to the left
- $y = f(x - a)$ translates $y = f(x)$ to the right.

- The transformation $y = f(ax)$ is a horizontal stretch of $y = f(x)$ with scale factor $\frac{1}{a}$ parallel to the x -axis.

- The transformation $y = f(-ax)$ is a horizontal stretch of $y = f(x)$ with scale factor $\frac{1}{a}$ parallel to the x -axis and then a reflection in the y -axis.

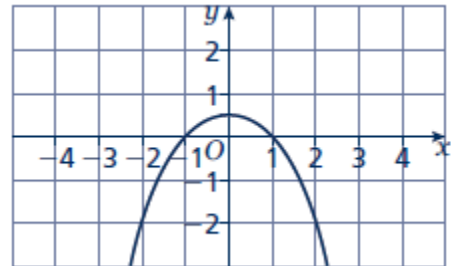
- The transformation $y = af(x)$ is a vertical stretch of $y = f(x)$ with scale factor a parallel to the y -axis.

- The transformation $y = -af(x)$ is a vertical stretch of $y = f(x)$ with scale factor a parallel to the y -axis and then a reflection in the x -axis.

Practice questions

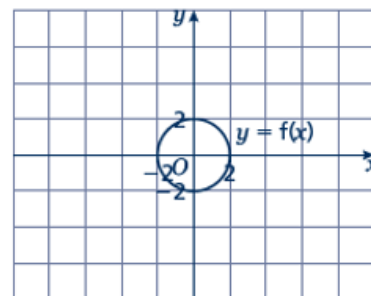
1 The graph shows the function $y = f(x)$.

- Sketch the graph of $y = f(x) + 2$
- Sketch the graph of $y = f(x + 2)$

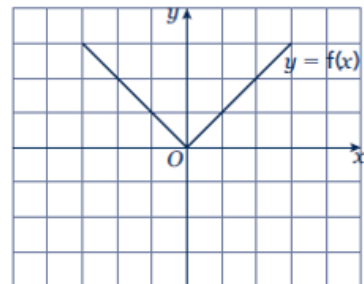


2 The graph shows the function $y = f(x)$.

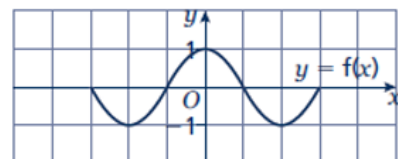
- Copy the graph and on the same axes sketch and label the graph of $y = 3f(x)$.
- Make another copy of the graph and on the same axes sketch and label the graph of $y = f(2x)$.



3 The graph shows the function $y = f(x)$. Copy the graph and on the same axes sketch and label the graphs of $y = -2f(x)$ and $y = f(3x)$.

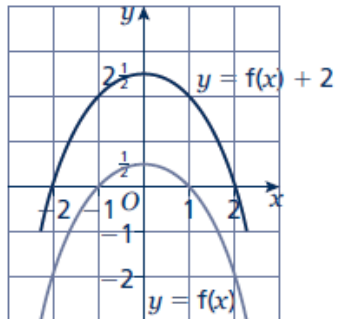


4 The graph shows the function $y = f(x)$. Copy the graph and, on the same axes, sketch the graph of $y = -f(2x)$.

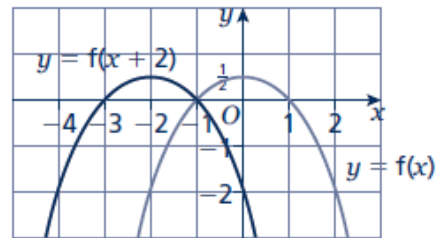


Answers

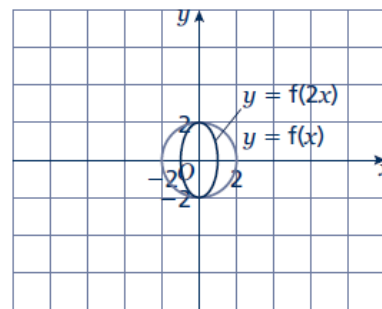
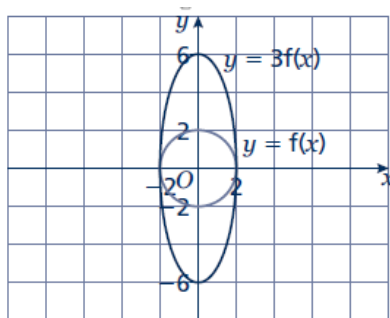
1 a



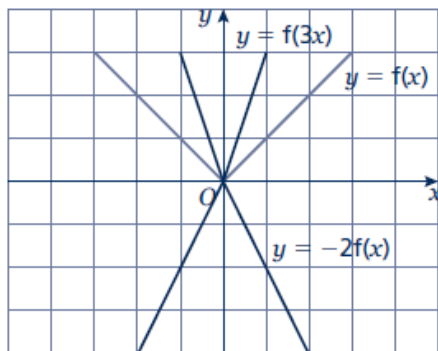
b



2 a b



3



4

