Master 14a

Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

Ontario

Curriculum	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning			
Expectations	Activity Kit		Progression			
Overall Expectations						
G1 Geometric Properties: identify two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional figures and sort and classify them by their geometric properties						
	G2 Geometric Relationships: compose and decompose two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional figures					
	ent: describe and represent the relative					
G1.3 identify and	Below Grade: Intervention	Below Grade:	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be			
describe various three-	5: Covering Outlines	The Tailor Shop	analyzed and classified in different ways by their			
dimensional figures (i.e.,	6: Describing Solids	(Activities 14, 17)	attributes.			
cubes, prisms, pyramids)			Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties			
and sort and classify	On Grade: Teacher Cards	On Grade:	of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids			
them by their geometric	11: Making Shapes (G2.2, G2.3)	I Spy Awesome Buildings	- Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the			
properties (i.e., number	12: Building with Solids (G2.4)	(Activities 12, 17)	similarities and differences. (Activity 12)			
and shape of faces),	,	 Sharing Our Stories 	- Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D			
using concrete materials.	13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (G1.4)	(Activities 14, 17)	solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1)			
G1.4 create models and	14: Creating Pictures and Designs	Above Grade:	Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their			
skeletons of prisms and	(G2.1)	Gallery Tour	Attributes Through Composition and			
pyramids, using concrete	15: Covering Outlines (G2.3)	(Activities 16, 17)	Decomposition			
materials (e.g.,			- Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D			
cardboard; straws and	16: Creating Symmetrical Designs		shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED			
modelling clay), and	(G3.3)		3A: 2)			
describe their geometric	17: Geometric Relationships:		- Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D			
properties (i.e., number	Consolidation (G1.4, G2.1,		solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D			
and shape of faces,	G2.2, G2.3, G2.4, G3.3)		solids. (Activities 11, 17)			
number of edges).			- Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than			
	On Grade: Math Every Day		one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1)			
G2.1 compose and	Card 3A:		- Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids			
describe pictures,	Fill Me In! (G2.3)		from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory.			
designs, and patterns by	Make Me a Picture (G2.1)		(Activity 13; MED 3B: 2)			
combining two-			Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be			
dimensional shapes.	Card 3B:		transformed in many ways and analyzed			
C2 2 compace and	Name the Solid (G1.3)		for change.			
G2.2 compose and	Draw the Shape (G2.1)		Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and			
decompose two-	. , ,		3-D Solids			
dimensional shapes.			- Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical			
			designs. (Activities 16, 17)			

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

Ontario (continued)

G2.3 cover an outline puzzle with two-dimensional shapes in more than one way.		
G2.4 build a structure using three-dimensional figures, and describe the two-dimensional shapes and three-dimensional figures in the structure.		
G3.3 create and describe symmetrical designs using a variety of tools (e.g., pattern blocks, tangrams, paper and pencil).		

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

British Columbia/Yukon Territories

Learning Standards	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom Activity Kit	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning Progression		
Big Idea Objects and shapes have a	Big Idea Objects and shapes have attributes that can be described, measured, and compared.				
G1 Multiple attributes of 2D shapes and 3D objects • G1.2 describing, comparing, and constructing 2D shapes, including triangles, squares, rectangles, circles • G1.3 identifying 2D shapes as part of 3D objects	Below Grade: Intervention 5: Covering Outlines 6: Describing Solids On Grade: Teacher Cards 11: Making Shapes 12: Building with Solids 13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (G1.2) 14: Creating Pictures and Designs 15: Covering Outlines 16: Creating Symmetrical Designs 17: Geometric Relationships: Consolidation On Grade: Math Every Day Card 3A: Fill Me In! Make Me a Picture Card 3B: Name the Solid (G1.3) Draw the Shape	Below Grade: The Tailor Shop (Activities 14, 17) On Grade: I Spy Awesome Buildings (Activities 12, 17) Sharing Our Stories (Activities 14, 17) Above Grade: Gallery Tour (Activities 16, 17)	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be analyzed and classified in different ways by their attributes. Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the similarities and differences. (Activity 12) - Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1) Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their Attributes Through Composition and Decomposition - Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED 3A: 2) - Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 11, 17) - Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1) - Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory. (Activity 13; MED 3B: 2) Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be transformed in many ways and analyzed for change. Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical designs. (Activities 16, 17)		

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

New Brunswick/Prince Edward Island/Newfoundland and Labrador

Specific Outcomes	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom Activity Kit	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning Progression		
General Outcome Shape and Space: Describ	General Outcome Shape and Space: Describe 3-D objects and 2-D shapes, and analyze the relationships.				
ss7 Describe, compare and construct 3-D objects, including: • cubes • spheres • cones • cylinders • pyramids. ss8 Describe, compare and construct 2-D shapes, including: • triangles • squares • rectangles • circles. ss9 Identify 2-D shapes as parts of 3-D objects in the environment	Below Grade: Intervention 5: Covering Outlines 6: Describing Solids On Grade: Teacher Cards 11: Making Shapes 12: Building with Solids (SS9) 13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (SS7, SS8) 14: Creating Pictures and Designs 15: Covering Outlines 16: Creating Symmetrical Designs 17: Geometric Relationships: Consolidation On Grade: Math Every Day Card 3A: Fill Me In! Make Me a Picture Card 3B: Name the Solid (SS7) Draw the Shape (SS8)	Below Grade: The Tailor Shop (Activities 14, 17) On Grade: I Spy Awesome Buildings (Activities 12, 17) Sharing Our Stories (Activities 14, 17) Above Grade: Gallery Tour (Activities 16, 17)	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be analyzed and classified in different ways by their attributes. Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the similarities and differences. (Activity 12) - Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1) Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their Attributes Through Composition and Decomposition - Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED 3A: 2) - Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 11, 17) - Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1) - Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory. (Activity 13; MED 3B: 2) Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be transformed in many ways and analyzed for change. Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical designs. (Activities 16, 17)		

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

Manitoba

Specific Outcomes	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom Activity Kit	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning Progression	
General Outcome Shape and Space: Describe the characteristics of 3-D objects and 2-D shapes, and analyze the relationships among them.				
 2.SS.7 Describe, compare, and construct 3-D objects, including cubes spheres cones cylinders prisms pyramids. 2.SS.8 Describe, compare, and construct 2-D shapes, including triangles squares rectangles circles. 2.SS.9 Identify 2-D shapes as parts of 3-D objects in the environment. 	Below Grade: Intervention 5: Covering Outlines 6: Describing Solids On Grade: Teacher Cards 11: Making Shapes 12: Building with Solids (2.SS.9) 13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (2.SS.7, 2.SS.8) 14: Creating Pictures and Designs 15: Covering Outlines 16: Creating Symmetrical Designs 17: Geometric Relationships: Consolidation On Grade: Math Every Day Card 3A: Fill Me In! Make Me a Picture Card 3B: Name the Solid (2.SS.7) Draw the Shape (2.SS.8)	Below Grade: The Tailor Shop (Activities 14, 17) On Grade: I Spy Awesome Buildings (Activities 12, 17) Sharing Our Stories (Activities 14, 17) Above Grade: Gallery Tour (Activities 16, 17)	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be analyzed and classified in different ways by their attributes. Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the similarities and differences. (Activity 12) - Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1) Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their Attributes Through Composition and Decomposition - Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED 3A: 2) - Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 11, 17) - Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1) - Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory. (Activity 13; MED 3B: 2) Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be transformed in many ways and analyzed for change. Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical designs. (Activities 16, 17)	

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

Nova Scotia

Specific Outcomes	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom Activity Kit	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning Progression		
General Outcome Students will be expected t	General Outcome Students will be expected to describe the characteristics of 3-D objects and 2-D shapes and analyze the relationships among them.				
compare, and build 3-D objects, including cubes and other prisms, spheres, cones, cylinders, and pyramids. Gos Students will be expected to recognize, name, describe, compare and build 2-D shapes, including triangles, squares, rectangles, and circles. Gos Students will be expected to identify 2-D shapes as part of 3-D objects in the environment.	Below Grade: Intervention 5: Covering Outlines 6: Describing Solids On Grade: Teacher Cards 11: Making Shapes 12: Building with Solids (G04) 13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (G02, G03) 14: Creating Pictures and Designs 15: Covering Outlines 16: Creating Symmetrical Designs 17: Geometric Relationships: Consolidation On Grade: Math Every Day Card 3A: Fill Me In! Make Me a Picture Card 3B: Name the Solid (G02) Draw the Shape (G03)	Below Grade: The Tailor Shop (Activities 14, 17) On Grade: I Spy Awesome Buildings (Activities 12, 17) Sharing Our Stories (Activities 14, 17) Above Grade: Gallery Tour (Activities 16, 17)	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be analyzed and classified in different ways by their attributes. Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the similarities and differences. (Activity 12) - Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1) Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their Attributes Through Composition and Decomposition - Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED 3A: 2) - Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 11, 17) - Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1) - Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory. (Activity 13; MED 3B: 2) Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be transformed in many ways and analyzed for change. Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical designs. (Activities 16, 17)		

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

Alberta/Northwest Territories/Nunavut

Learning Outcomes	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom Activity Kit	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning Progression		
General Outcome Describe the characteristic	General Outcome Describe the characteristics of 3-D objects and 2-D shapes, and analyze the relationships among them.				
Shape and Space 7. Describe, compare and construct 3-D objects, including: • cubes • spheres • cones • cylinders • pyramids. 8. Describe, compare and construct 2-D shapes, including: • triangles • squares • rectangles • circles. 9. Identify 2-D shapes as parts of 3-D objects in the environment.	Below Grade: Intervention 5: Covering Outlines 6: Describing Solids On Grade: Teacher Cards 11: Making Shapes 12: Building with Solids (SS9) 13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (SS7, SS8) 14: Creating Pictures and Designs 15: Covering Outlines 16: Creating Symmetrical Designs 17: Geometric Relationships: Consolidation On Grade: Math Every Day Card 3A: Fill Me In! Make Me a Picture Card 3B: Name the Solid (SS7) Draw the Shape (SS8)	Below Grade: The Tailor Shop (Activities 14, 17) On Grade: I Spy Awesome Buildings (Activities 12, 17) Sharing Our Stories (Activities 14, 17) Above Grade: Gallery Tour (Activities 16, 17)	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be analyzed and classified in different ways by their attributes. Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the similarities and differences. (Activity 12) - Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1) Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their Attributes Through Composition and Decomposition - Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED 3A: 2) - Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 11, 17) - Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1) - Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory. (Activity 13; MED 3B: 2) Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be transformed in many ways and analyzed for change. Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical designs. (Activities 16, 17)		

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Curriculum Correlation Geometry Cluster 2: Geometric Relationships

Saskatchewan

Specific Outcomes	Mathology Grade 2 Classroom Activity Kit	Mathology Little Books	Pearson Canada K-3 Mathematics Learning Progression		
Goals Spatial Sense, Logical Thir	Goals Spatial Sense, Logical Thinking, Mathematics as a Human Endeavour				
Shape and Space SS2.3 Describe, compare, and construct 3-D objects, including: • cubes • spheres • cones • cylinders • pyramids. SS2.4 Describe, compare, and construct 2-D shapes, including: • triangles • squares • rectangles • circles. SS2.5 Demonstrate understanding of the relationship between 2-D shapes and 3-D objects.	Below Grade: Intervention 5: Covering Outlines 6: Describing Solids On Grade: Teacher Cards 11: Making Shapes (SS2.4) 12: Building with Solids (SS2.3) 13: Visualizing Shapes and Solids (SS2.3, SS2.4, SS2.5) 14: Creating Pictures and Designs 15: Covering Outlines 16: Creating Symmetrical Designs 17: Geometric Relationships: Consolidation On Grade: Math Every Day Card 3A: Fill Me In! Make Me a Picture Card 3B: Name the Solid (SS2.3, SS2.5) Draw the Shape (SS2.4)	Below Grade: The Tailor Shop (Activities 14, 17) On Grade: I Spy Awesome Buildings (Activities 12, 17) Sharing Our Stories (Activities 14, 17) Above Grade: Gallery Tour (Activities 16, 17)	Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be analyzed and classified in different ways by their attributes. Investigating Geometric Attributes and Properties of 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Compares 2-D shapes and 3-D solids to find the similarities and differences. (Activity 12) - Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes and 3-D solids (e.g., number of sides/edges, faces, corners). (Activities 12, 13, 14, 17; MED 3B: 1) Investigating 2-D Shapes, 3-D Solids, and their Attributes Through Composition and Decomposition - Constructs composite pictures or structures with 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 12, 14, 17; MED 3A: 2) - Constructs and identifies new 2-D shapes and 3-D solids as a composite of other 2-D shapes and 3-D solids. (Activities 11, 17) - Completes a picture outline with shapes in more than one way. (Activities 15, 17; MED 3A: 1) - Constructs composite 2-D shapes and 3-D solids from verbal instructions, visualization, and memory. (Activity 13; MED 3B: 2) Big Idea: 2-D shapes and 3-D solids can be transformed in many ways and analyzed for change. Exploring Symmetry to Analyze 2-D Shapes and 3-D Solids - Constructs and completes 2-D/3-D symmetrical designs. (Activities 16, 17)		