## Activity 9 Assessment

Investigating Relationships Among Units

| Understanding Relationships Among Metric Units |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Understands some metric relationships: $1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g}$, $1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$, and $1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m}$. <br> 1.88 kg of flour <br> "I know that $1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g}$, so 1.88 $\mathrm{kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g} \times 1.88=1880 \mathrm{~g} . "$ | Uses metric relationships to convert between units (calculates in steps). <br> Write the height of the basketball net, 2.60 m , in millimetres. $\begin{gathered} \text { "I multiplied by } 10 \text { three times: } \\ 2.60 \times 10=26 ; 26 \times 10=260 ; \\ 260 \times 10=2600 ; \\ 2.60 \mathrm{~m}=2600 \mathrm{~mm} . " \end{gathered}$ | Uses metric relationships to convert between units efficiently. <br> Write the height of the basketball net, 2.60 m , in millimetres. <br> "To convert from metres to millimetres, I multiplied by 1000 : $\begin{aligned} & 2.60 \times 1000=2600 ; \\ & 2.60 \mathrm{~m}=2600 \mathrm{~mm} . \end{aligned}$ | Flexibly and efficiently converts between metric units and solves problems. <br> Fish Tank <br> Rewrite the measure using 3 different units. $\begin{gathered} " 208 \times 10=2080 ; 2080 \mathrm{dL} \\ 208 \times 1000=208000 ; 208000 \mathrm{~mL} \\ 208 \div 1000=0.208 ; 0.208 \mathrm{~kL} \end{gathered}$ <br> I think 208 L is most reasonable as it is a unit that people can easily relate to. A number such as 208000 mL is difficult to visualize." |
| Observations/Documentation |  |  |  |
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