## Activity 28 Assessment

Multiplying and Dividing Whole Numbers by Proper Fractions

| Multiplication and Division with Proper Fractions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Models multiplication and division situations concretely and pictorially. $4 \times \frac{3}{5}=?$ <br> "I modelled the multiplication with fraction strips, then counted fifths: $4 \times \frac{3}{5}=\frac{12}{5}, \text { or } 2 \frac{2}{5}$ | Uses models and think-addition strategies, to solve multiplication problems. $5 \times \frac{2}{5}=?$ <br> "I know that multiplication is like repeated addition, so I used a number with each whole partitioned into fifths, then took <br> 5 jumps of two-fifths: $5 \times \frac{2}{5}=2$ " | Uses models and think-addition strategies without leftovers, to solve division problems. $4 \div \frac{2}{5}=?$ <br> "I used a number line from 0 to 4 and partitioned each whole into fifths. I took jumps of two-fifths until I reached 4. I took 10 jumps. <br> So, $4 \frac{2}{5}=10$." | Flexibly solves multiplication and division problems (with and without leftovers). $5 \div \frac{3}{4}=?$ <br> There are 6 groups of $\frac{3}{4}$, with $\frac{2}{4}$ left over. $\frac{2}{4} \text { is } \frac{2}{3} \text { of } \frac{3}{4}$ <br> So, the remainder is $\frac{2}{3}$. $5 \div \frac{3}{4}=6 \frac{2}{3}$ |
| Observations/Documentation |  |  |  |
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