Activity 2 Assessment Investigating Powers and Divisibility of Numbers

Prime Factorization and Powers			
Represents a number as a product of factors in different ways. 24 "I can think of 24 as 2 × 12, 4 × 6, or as 2 × 2 × 6."	Identifies prime and composite numbers. "24 is a composite number because it has more than 2 factors. 23 is a prime number because it has only 2 factors, 1 and itself."	Determines the prime factorization of a number. $ \begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3$	
Observations/Documentation			

Activity 2 Assessment Investigating Powers and Divisibility of Numbers

Prime Factorization and Powers (cont'd)			
Writes repeated multiplication of identical factors as a power and vice versa. $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^{3}$ $3^{4} = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$ "In the power 2 ³ , 2 is the base and 3 is the exponent."	Rewrites prime factorization of a number using powers. $24 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$ "I can rewrite the prime factorization using powers: $24 = 2^3 \times 3$."	Flexibly uses prime factorization to identify common factors and divisibility. $ \begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 12." \end{array} $	
Observations /Decomposite tion			
Observations/Documentation			